THE TIMES
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Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, MAY 21, 1894. No. 125

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Set with Diamonds (single and in cluster), Rubies, Emeralds, Saphires, Opals and Pearls.

A large assortment of unset stones always on hand which can be mounted at short notice. Prices are AWAY DOWN at

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THE WESTSIDE

Opens Every Day at 10 o'clock.

SPECIAL TO-DAY

85 Picnic Parasols at 85c.
157 Picnic Parasols, assorted, in Black Satin, Cream, Broche, Etc., 50c.
Children's, at 25c.

ON TUESDAY

13 Pieces 530 Yards, Gingham, good quality, fast colors, 5c.
54 Pieces, 2160 Yards, better quality, choice 7c.
21 Pieces, 840 Yards, high grade, choice at 9c.

All will be piled at front of Store on Tuesday. To prevent delay, purchasers will select patterns pay for quantity wanted, record address, and goods will be sent next day.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

SOAP! SOAP!

There is no more need of using imported soap. Consumers now have an opportunity of purchasing a home-made article, equal in every respect to any imported soaps. The VICTORIA SOAP CO., have lately put in the most improved machinery and are now turning out first class goods. When you are buying ask your grocer for Findley's Electric, or if you want a soap for flannels get Findley's Borax, which is guaranteed perfectly free from any adulteration and will not injure the most delicate fabric.

GREASE BOUGHT. OFFICE AND FACTORY, HERALD ST., COR. GOVERNMENT.

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Carpets taken up, cleaned, altered and relaid; also cleaned on the floor by our Turkish rug and carpet cleaning process, which removes grease spots, paint, coal dust, lampblack, soot and stains of all kinds.

LACE CURTAINS AND BLANKETS A SPECIALTY.

Furniture and mattresses of ever description repaired, re-upholstered and recovered.

TEL. 540. W. G. FURNIVAL, 58 BROAD STREET

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY—Large family pleasure Boat to let for Gorge Regatta. Apply 72 Government Street. my21-3t

LOUIS F. POST, official lecturer of the Single Tax League, will lecture in Institute Hall: "Free Trade" May 23; "Poverty and Poverty" May 25; "Democracy" May 28; admission, 25c. 1t

FOR SALE—Ten and one-half acres of cleared land, with house and barn, poultry yard, houses and sheds, two springs of excellent water, 100 fruit trees planted in 1892, half acre strawberries. Within five minutes walk of Prospect Lake, 8 miles from Victoria. Address: T. A. Elsden, Heal P. O., Lake District. my21-1w

WANTED TO BUY—A Jersey Cow for family use. Address R. H., Times office. 21-tf

F. D. WALKER
Commercial and Financial Broker,
P.O. BOX 66. 44 GOVT. ST.

SHORT NOTICE OF SALE

By W. FURNIVAL & CO., at 39 QUADRA STREET,

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY 22ND,

At 2 p.m.

Consisting of Bedroom, Dining and Kitchen Furniture. Also at 3 p.m., 1 Spaniel Bitch and 1 Cocker Spaniel.

W. FURNIVAL & CO., Auctioneers.

CELEBRATION COMMITTEE.

Important Meeting of the YACHTING COMMITTEE

At the City Hall, this evening at 8 o'clock.

BEAUMONT BOGGS, Secretary.

"Crying Down" Credit.

Notice is hereby given that if landlords or other inhabitants suffer the soldiers of the Royal Engineers to contract debts, such debts will not be discharged. If, after this public proclamation the inhabitants shall, notwithstanding, suffer the soldiers to contract such debts with them, it will be at their own peril, the Commanding Royal Engineer not being obliged to discharge such debts.

H. H. MUIRHEAD, Major R. E., Commanding Royal Engineers.

Work Point Barracks, Victoria, B. C., 19th May, 1894. 1t

REPEATED BY REQUEST.

Aladdin, or the Wonderful Scamp, and Scarf Dance

AT CATHEDRAL SCHOOL ROOM,

Tuesday, May 22nd, at 8 p.m.

Admission 25 cents; no reserved seats.

VICTORIA THEATRE

THREE NIGHTS
Commencing

Thursday, May 24th

The distinguished American Actress

EFFIE ELLSLER

Assisted by
FRANK WESTON,
ROBERT DROUET,
C. W. COULDOCK,
In Three Great Plays.

Friday .....“HAZEL KIRKE” (By Request.)
Saturday night....“A WOMAN'S POWER”

Matinee Prices—Adults and Children, 50c; Gallery, 25c.
Evening—Regular Prices, 50c., 75c., $1. Seats now on sale at Jamieson's.

AUCTION

Monday, May 28, at 11 a.m.

BOOKS, STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS.

On account of whom it may concern,

THE ASSIGNED STOCK-IN-TRADE OF J. JOHNSON & CO.

I have been instructed to sell at my salesroom, Wharf Street, Victoria, a large quantity of account, blank and copying books, paper and envelopes, pens, inks, mucilage, albums and fancy goods, a large assortment of literary and school books, and a general line of stationery, fancy goods, etc., too numerous to mention.

GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

my21

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal
Have You Tried It?

SERVIA'S TYRANT.

King Alexander Exercising His Divine Right

OF MAKING HIS SUBJECTS MISERABLE

A Good Example of the Preposterousness of Monarchy—A Whole People Made Uncomfortable by the Acts of a King—Tampering With the Constitution.

Belgrade, May 21.—King Alexander, by royal decree, has abolished the constitution of 1888 and restored that of 1869, giving the king the right to appoint one-third of the members of the chamber of deputies. This abrogates the scrutin de liste system and the secret ballot. All laws under the 1888 constitution are revoked. The premier has been ordered to form a new cabinet. The skuptschina will be immediately dissolved.

Radicals are intensely excited over the action of the king. The decree was read to the troops to-day, and a number of military officers whose loyalty was suspected have been retired, while many of the radical leaders, fearing arrest, have fled. The radical peasantry have been disarmed. Much disorder is expected, but civil war is not apprehended.

WHO INVITED COXEY?

Thomas Donaldson Is Saddled With the Responsibility.

Philadelphia, May 21.—The rebuff given to "Gen." Coxey by the Glover club on Thursday night is still the talk of the Quaker city. Elements quite foreign to the ideas of its originators have gradually crept into this organization. Its founders, including Moses P. Handy, Royal Merrill, Julius Chambers, Thomas Jackson, Charles R. Deacon and W. B. Merrill, would never have made such a mistake as to ask Coxey to their board. The query propounded in every Philadelphia club to-day is, "Who invited Coxey?"

Not a Cloverite will open his mouth, but it is asserted that the responsibility of coaxing Coxey away from the Bellevue was put upon Thomas Donaldson, and the assumption is quite general that he asked the "Commonwealer" to be his guest.

No man in modern times has been saddled with as heavy a load of responsibility as Thomas Donaldson, for he was credited with having organized the New York reception to Mr. Blaine at which Dr. Burchard made the unfortunate speech, "Rum, Romanism and Rebellion" that is generally believed to have defeated the Maine politician for the presidency. That Mr. Donaldson should again associated with a blunder of the Coxey kind causes much comment.

A TOWN FOR SALE.

Everything But the Citizens To Go Under the Hamer.

Manchester, N. J., May 21.—An event almost without precendent will take place here on Wednesday, when Sheriff Chambers will sell to the highest bidder the whole town of Manchester, railroad shops, churches, schools, stores, dwelling houses, all but the citizens. This is the result of the action of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance company of Newark in foreclosing a mortgage held on the entire town.

The mortgage was given by John Torrey, now deceased, in January, 1867. Mr. Torrey, who was a New York financier, practically founded Manchester, buying up many thousands of acres of land and laying out the town. For more than twenty years the mortgage seems to have been hidden away somewhere, people forgot all about it and property was bought and sold freely.

Many of the householders are employees in the shops of the Central Railroad company, and the foreclosure will prove an especially severe blow to them. The description of the sale occupied two pages in a local newspaper.

COXEY IN JAIL.

The Commonweal General and Aides-de-Camp Sent Down.

Washington, May 21.—Coxey, Brown and Jones were sentenced at noon to 20 days in jail for displaying banners on the capitol grounds. Coxey and Browne were fined $5 each additional for trespassing on the grass. Jones was acquitted on the second charge.

Coxey, Browne and Jones with handcuffs on their wrists, were taken to district jail to-day.

'FRISCO FLASHES.

An Italian Assassin—Parnell, the Man Killer, Causes Trouble.

San Francisco, May 21.—Marlo Felice, the Italian gardener who stabbed and killed old Augustino Capurro on Saturday night, is still at liberty. He is believed to have left the city in a fishing boat.

Ex-Assemblyman Joseph M. Jourden, who in 1874 represented the eleventh assembly district of this city in the legislature, has been found dead from asphyxiation in his room in this city. Despondency was the cause.

While a performance of lions was going on in Boone's arena at the Midwinter fair yesterday afternoon, Parnell, the animal which killed Carlo Thieman, his keeper, several months ago, seized Boone's valuable dog Nero and began to tear him to pieces. Boone fired five shots from his revolver close to the lion's nose, but the angry animal refused to release [illegible] iron bar with prods at one end, and with it forced Parnell away. Nero was badly torn and may die. The scene created great consternation.

John Kelly, the suspected stage robber, who was arrested on Saturday, will be taken to Angeles camp to-day for further identification. It is stated that the Wells Fargo detectives have discovered that Kelly was absent from this city at the time the Angeles camp stage was robbed.

Charles Randall arrived from New York to-day on a wager, having made the journey in 100 days, walking the entire distance. Randall was to complete the trip in 97 days and consequently has lost the wager. He leaves here on the next steamer for Hong Kong and will walk across Asia and Europe to Liverpool. This trip is also the result of a wager and the pedestrian has two years in which to finish his tramp.

The United States circuit court of appeals to-day reversed the decision of United States District Judge Morrow in the case of Lee Kan, Chinese merchant, who was refused a landing because his name was not incorporated in the name of the firm of which he claimed to be a member. Attorney-General Olney has already made a ruling similar to that of Judge Morrow. The court of appeals to which the Chinese appealed, decided that Lee Kan is undoubtedly a merchant and has an interest in the business as claimed, and is therefore entitled to land. Judge Morrow's decision is reversed and the case is remanded.

CANADA'S CAPITAL.

Minister Bowell Advised of Departure of the Australian Delegates.

Westminster Penitentiary Enquiry —A Well-Known Victoria Case in Court.

Ottawa, May 21.—Sir George Dibbs, premier of New South Wales, cabled to Minister Bowell that the delegates for the Ottawa conference sailed to-day from Sydney for Vancouver.

An order-in-council has been passed providing for the issue of a commission to Mr. Justice Drake to inquire into the affairs of the Westminster penitentiary. He is instructed to make a thorough investigation into the causes of the existing dissensions there.

The supreme court to-day was engaged in the case of Mylius v. Jackson from British Columbia. A. L. Belyea appeared for Mylius.

BULLET PROOF CLOTH.

The Material Cannot be Made into Garments.

Washington, May 21.—The bullet proof cloth may not amount to so much after all. Reports recently received indicate that the value of the material is somewhat limited by the fact that the cloth cannot be converted into wearing apparel. It is of such thickness and composition that it does not lend itself to cutting and shaping such as is required of cloth from which coats are made. Every one who has thought of the bullet proof cloth has associated it with something a man could put on when he went into battle and take off when he left the field. It appears the material must be carried in the knapsack or in the blanket roll and wound around the body where protection is needed. Perhaps after all the cloth will be found of more use for shields and torpedo nets than as a species of armor for soldiers. The material is said to be about half an inch thick and not flexible. One observer who has reported to the war department on the stuff describes it as wire encasing what appears to be a cement substance. The coat or garment which was recently used in experiments weighed about six pounds and cost about fifty cents a pound to manufacture.

POOR PERUGRINI.

His Wife Makes Him a Public Laughing Stock.

New York, May 21.—The audience in the Columbia theatre in Brooklyn, at the performance of Giroflo-Groflo by the Lillian Russell Comic Opera Company on Saturday night, was deprived of the pleasure of hearing the love duet at the beginning of the last act, because Signor Perugini declined to go on.

Ever since the announcement of the coolness between the fair prima donna and her husband, the love scenes between the pair on the stage have been extremely painful for Perugini and extremely amusing for the audiences. Miss Russell, however, has regarded the scenes with her husband as huge jokes, and her treatment of Perugini on the stage has been as amusing to the rest of the company as to the audiences.

On Saturday night there was a big crowd at the Columbia theatre, and Miss Russell, who was in a hilarious mood, kept them in fits of laughter by her peculiar emphasis when her lines compelled her to tell her husband how much she loved him. Perugini was evidently very uncomfortable during the first two acts, and when the third act came he positively declined to sing the love duet with his wife, declaring, it is said, that he did not propose to be made a laughing stock for the audience.

All sorts of arguments were brought to bear on the tenor, but he was obdurate, and the performance went on from the point where the love duet ends. During the rest of the performance Perugini acted with a self-consciousness which made even the audience uncomfortable.

There were rumors around yesterday to the effect that Perugini had whipped Miss Russell's representative when that young man became too persistent in his endeavors to get him to sing. Neither Perugini nor his wife could be seen yesterday and the members of the company had nothing to say except that the duet was not sung.

The people at the Columbia are wondering whether Perugini will sing.

EDMUND YATES DEAD

Apoplexy Cuts Off the Noted Litterateur

WHILE ATTENDING THE THEATRE

Stricken on Saturday Night, Dies on Sunday Afternoon—He Began to Write When Very Young—List of His Celebrated Novels—A Career Full of Activity and Success.

London, May 21.—Edmund Yates, author and journalist, was stricken with apoplexy on Saturday evening at the Garrick theatre, where Lytton's "Money" was being played. He was removed to the Savoy hotel, where he died yesterday afternoon.

Edmund Hodgson Yates was the son of a well known writer, some time lessee of the Adelphi, and was born in July, 1831. For many years he was chief of the missing letter department in the post office. He has written "My Haunts and Their Frequenters," 1854, "After Office Hours," 1861, "Broken to Harness," 1864, "Business of Pleasure," "Pages in Waiting," and "Running the Gauntlet, a Novel," 1866. In conjunction with the late Frank E. Smedley he wrote "Mirth and Metre, by Two Merry Men," 1854; in conjunction with the late R. B. Brough edited "Our Miscellany," 1857-8; prepared a condensed edition of the "Life and Correspondence of C. Mathews the Elder," 1860; and a "Memoir of Albert Smith and Mount Blanc." Mr. Yates, who wrote some dramas and was theatrical critic for the Daily News for six years, edited the Temple Bar Magazine, in which his novel, "Broken to Harness," appeared in 1864-5 was the first editor of Tinsley's Magazine, and a constant contributor to All the Year Round, in which his novel "Black Sheep" was the leading serial in 1866-7. His later novels are "Wrecked in Port," 1869; Dr. "Wainwright's Patient," 1871; "Nobody's Fortune," 1871; "The Yellow Flag," 1873; and "The Suspended Sword," 1874. In May, 1872, Mr. Yates retired from the post office to devote himself entirely to literature. In the course of that year he went on a lecturing tour in the United States, and in May, 1873, he was appointed London representative of the New York Herald, which post he resigned in July, 1874, when he established "The World, a Journal for Men and Women," which has a wide circulation, and of which he was sole proprietor and editor. In November, 1884, Mr. Yates published two volumes of "Personal Reminiscences and Experiences," an autobiography, which has gone through four editions. Mr. Yates was in 1884 indicted for libel on the Earl of Lonsdale, and was sentenced by the Lord Chief Justice to four months' imprisonment.

Mr. Yates would have been sixty-three years old next July had he lived.

English Railway Fatalities.

London, May 21.—The radical leaders, through handbills and pamphlets, are giving the greatest possible prominence to the government figures of railroad fatalities for the past year. The railroad corporations are largely responsible for the defeat of the employers' liability act, and the radicals are taking this way of getting even. The number of employes killed and injured amounts to over five thousand, of whom one thousand were killed outright. The number of passengers killed, and for whom the company are liable, was only seventeen.

John Dillon's Prediction.

London, May 21.—In a speech last night John Dillon denounced land-grabbers and urged the Irish to support the government. He declared if an election were held now, Lord Salisbury would be returned to power.

Spanish Anarchists.

Barcelona, May 21.—Six anarchists, condemned to death for complicity in the attempt to assassinate General Campos, were shot this morning. Some of them on nearing the place of execution shouted: "Long live anarchy," etc. All died at the first volley except two, who were dispatched with the second shot.

Prendergast's Sanity.

Chicago, May 21.—The inquiry into the insanity of Assassin Prendergast was commenced in Judge Chetlain's court this morning, and as a result of the extraordinary proceedings by which he was saved from the gallows a few weeks ago, he will be afforded another opportunity to penetrate the meshes of the law. The same attorneys represent the state and the defence as at the previous hearings. The prisoner shows a decided improvement in appearance since his imprisonment and made no demonstration in court this morning. The impanneling of a jury will probably occupy several days.

The Old Man's Wish.

Pittsburg, May 21.—Frederick Pforr, a German, aged 70, living with his son-in-law, John C. Volk, on Wellwood ave., wished yesterday that he was dead. His wish was almost immediately granted. He arose from his chair, walked into the yard, and there fell dead under a grape arbor. He had been in good health. The old man used to sit in his rocking chair and smoke and read the German papers and dream of the past. His great-grandchildren occasionally visited him. Mr. Pforr had just been talking over old times with Miss Eva Smith, an old friend of his youth, herself 70 years old, who had called upon him to revive old memories. This lady says that Mr. Pforr sat silent for some moments looking into vacancy, then, as the tears came into his eyes, he said, with a sigh, "This is a world of sorrow, trouble and death; I wish I were dead." Pforr arose, and brushing the moisture from his eyes with his sleeve, passed out into the garden, closing the door of [illegible] Shortly after a neighbor found him lying under the grape arbor dead.

THE SHADOW OF DISSOLUTION

The Imperial Parliament to Resume To-Day—The Coming Election.

The Agitation Against the House of Lords—Opinions of Several Peers.

London, May 19.—Parliament will resume its sittings on Monday under the shadow of a dissolution. Sir William Harcourt, the government leader in the house, has informed the leaders of the McCarthyite section of the Irish party that the general election will probably take place in July, and other Liberal authorities have conveyed similar information. Mr. Richard Hall Dane, M.P., who is Lord Rosebery's factotum, in a speech to his constituents to-day also predicted an early dissolution, and added that in his opinion it ought to have occurred ere now in order to have the election of such a majority as would surely unmistakably the desire of the country to pass the government measures without further hindrance. While the opinion is general that dissolution is imminent, not one of the best informed members of the Liberal party knows whether the government will attempt to carry the clauses of the budget, the registration bill and the evicted tenants' bill before the appeal to the country. Indeed, the ministers themselves do not know. If the present feeble majority would persistently adhere to the government, the session would be prolonged until all the important bills, including the measure for the disestablishment of the church in Wales, would be passed by the house of commons and sent up to the house of lords for rejection, but the possibility of defeat lurks in every proposal submitted by the government to the popular legislative body. An electoral struggle may be precipitated at any moment, and all that the ministers can do is to wait and prepare for it. The coming anti-lords conference in Leeds will sound the trumpet of battle. The cabinet are resolved to make the question of the survival of the house of lords as it is at present constituted the first plank in their election platform. This resolution has caused the National Liberal Federation to take action to obtain from all constituencies picked delegates to the conference. Several members of the cabinet have very reluctantly given their consent to the adoption of a bold and determined policy in opposition to the house of lords, but the majority of the ministers are thoroughly convinced that further Liberal legislation is impossible unless the upper house is controlled and these gentlemen are heartily en rapport with the popular feeling. The principal resolution which will engage the attention of the anti-lords conference will propose the limitation of the veto powers of the peers to a single session. Any bill rejected by the house of lords which shall be again passed by the house of commons at a subsequent session need not go to the upper house. Though the resolution has the sanction of the cabinet, it will fall very short of satisfying the Radicals, but in government circles it is believed that such a change can be more easily effected than the complete abolition of the peers' veto power. A London paper has been gleaning the ideas of a number of people on the coming doom of this body, and has elicited the opinion of the Duke of Fife, son-in-law of the Prince of Wales, who expressed himself as in favor of infusing popular elements into the upper house without breaking the historic continuity of that body. The duke declines to discuss the question whether the new elements shall consist of an elective or life peerage, but suggests that committees comprising the best men of both houses of parliament be appointed to study the subject.

The other peers who responded to the newspaper's invitation to express their views on the subject included Viscount Barrington, Earl de la Warr, Lord Norton, the Earl of Southsea and Lord Sherborn, all of whom are opposed to any concessions on the part of the house of lords and in favor of a determined fight for the integrity of that body. Earl Stanhope shares to a certain extent the views expressed by the Duke of Fife, believing that it would be well to add to the upper house a limited number of life peers. Lord Windsor advises the abolition of the present house and the formation of a new one on a basis elective and selective. The responses as a whole, however, show that the peers are wholly ignorant of the popular determination to end or amend their legislative body. The party organizers are energetically at work in preparing for the inevitable contest. The lists of candidates, the most laborious of their preliminary work, are nearly completed. The Liberals have offered to defray the election expenses of six labor candidates provided they will pledge themselves to support the government under all circumstances. The detention of Mr. Mundella in the cabinet until public opinion compelled his retirement is alleged to be [illegible] bery's backing him up. Lord Rosebery himself is freely accused of speculating on the stock exchange in association with the Rothschilds.

According to current reports the war office has always been opposed to the use of the Maxim gun in the army. The war department has altered its tone since Lord Rosebery assumed office, and this concession to the Maxim gun is explained by the fact that the Rothschilds hold a majority of the Maxim stock. Scrutiny of the list of stockholders in the Maxim company does not disclose the name of Lord Rosebery, but "that does not matter," say hostile critics, "Lord Rothschilds' 12,651 £5 shares include Lord Rosebery's holdings." As a turfite, combined with a stock exchange speculator, Lord Rosebery's name is getting in bad odor in religious circles. The national anti-gambling league has begun an active crusade against betting on the race courses. A test case has been raised against the lessees of the Northampton race course, who have been summoned to court on charges of violating the betting act and permitting gambling within their enclosure on racing days. If the league should win their case it would effectually put an end to race course betting [illegible] a mortal blow to the sport of racing.

The support given by Lord Ripon, secretary of state for the colonies, to the demand of the Dominion of Canada that the edict requiring Canadian cattle to be slaughtered upon landing be withdrawn has raised a feeling of expectancy that these restrictions will be removed before the reopening of trade for the coming season. The Canadian authorities here have reason to believe that the period of special examination of Canadian cattle ordered by the board of trade will terminate in June. With the cessations of the regulations concerning Canadian cattle the embargo on cattle from the United States ought also to be raised. The Live Stock Journal says the United States government has already brought great pressure to bear upon Great Britain on that subject.

Lord George Hamilton has been selected to preside at the banquet to be given in honor of the United States cruiser Chicago next Thursday. A souvenir book is being prepared which will contain artistic illustrations and photographs of Admiral Erbel, Captain Mahon and the officers of the Chicago. The invitation cards and band programme are illuminated with the flags of the United States and Great Britain, and bear as a motto Commodore Tatnall's historic saying, "Blood is thicker than water."

THE ARMOR CRACKED.

Plates for the Warship Indiana Fail in the Test.

Washington, D. C., May 19.—With a roar and shock that made the earth tremble the navy pet, the 12 inch rifle, hurled its 850 pound projectile against the eighteen inch thick nickel steel Harveyized plate, the most powerful ever tried, at the proving ground to-day, and tore the thirty-three tons of steel into little fragments. The result was a complete surprise for all the experts and a sad blow for the Bethlehem Steel Company, for unless they can do better with their next plate they will lose the $300,000 represented by the group of armor plate of which the sample tried to-day was the test piece. The plate submitted to test was No. 5-107 B, representing 613 tons of side armor intended for the battleship Indiana and made by the Bethlehem Steel Company. It weighed 33 1-4 tons and cost about $15,000. In shape it was oblong, 16 feet long by 7 1-2 feet high, 18 inches thick above, with the lower edge 42 inches, bevelled off to a minimum thickness of 9 inches. It was nickel steel, forged by hydraulic pressure and Harveyized.

A thirteen inch rifle, the largest in naval use, was to be fired against it, but the plate was found to be too narrow to warrant this severe test, so the twelve inch gun, which will hereafter be the maximum of ordnance consideration, was levelled at the plate, distant about four hundred feet. The projectile, a Carpenter armor piercer, weighing 850 pounds and driven by 769 1-4 pounds of Dupont's brown prismatic powder, flew across the space with a velocity of 1,465 feet per second and struck the plate about a foot to the right of the centre.

When the smoke cleared away there was an exclamation of surprise from the spectators. About thirty feet in front of the target lay the shot, apparently little changed, while in the plate was a gaping hole, and, worse than that, three great cracks, yawning open eight inches, running clear across from top to bottom and from the shot hole to the left edge. An examination showed that the shot had forced its way through the plate to the backing and had then rebounded after cracking the plate. Had the plate been fastened on the Indiana's side instead of thirty-six inches of oak, backed against the hillside, the chances are the battleship would have had a frightful wound. Further experiment seemed to be needless, but the contract consideration requiring it, another shot was fired at the fragment of plate in the right, about seven feet broad, that remained uninjured. This time the gunner put 439 3-15 pounds of powder in the gun, and the projectile, another 12 inch Carpenter, was given force and sent at the maximum velocity of 1,926 feet per second. Again the plate was rent, splitting widely across, but the shot did not escape, for while it forced its point through the plate and about eight inches into the oak backing, it was twisted in several places, the point remaining in the hole and the remainder lying in fragments outside the plate.

The Bethlehem company will have another opportunity to submit another 18 inch plate to test before the entire group of twenty plates for the Indiana is finally judged, and as they will doubtless take another chance to save the $300,000 which the plates cost, the next trial may finally set at rest the doubt that now exists as to the failure of the trial to-day.

LOATHSOME MARGARINE.

British Authorities Propose to Protect the Public from It.

London, May 21.—The local government board is considering a request presented by a deputation of the associated chambers of agriculture that a committee be appointed to inquire into the working of the margarine acts, with a view to their amendment.

If this action is carried out it may prove a severe blow to American artificial butter makers, as there is a generally prevailing opinion that the present act [illegible] rigidly enforced. The deputation submitted facts showing that an immense amount of adulteration is taking place under the eyes of the public inspectors, and Mr. Shaw-Lefevre, representing the government, was compelled to admit the truth of the charges. He thought, however, that a departmental inquiry would not meet the conditions as well as a committee of the house of commons.

A consultation between the members of the board of trade and the agricultural department is being held to-day for the purpose of deciding upon a definite line of action.

Blamed on Discord.

Rome, May 19.—Upon the recommendation of the consecration of the propaganda the Vox Della Verita publishes a letter which Mr. Gladstone recently sent Mgr. Earabulini, who asked for the views of the distinguished British statesman upon diverse subjects. Mr. Gladstone says he sympathizes with the sentiments expressed and which are believed to reflect the pope's opinion upon the Irish question. He adds: "They (the Irish) undoubtedly show a great example of obedience to the laws. But while they are so irreproachable in that respect, the nationalists are divided among themselves. I believe the fault lies with the group of Parnellites. The result is deplorable, for discord is the chief obstacle to the progress of the Irish cause. Happy would be the man who could make it cease."

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

THE MINERS' CONGRESS.

The British Contingent Couldn't Swallow Extreme Socialistic Ideas.

Berlin, May 19.—Despite the riotous scenes among the miners' delegates yesterday in the national congress, it has shown that the miners of all nations are nearer a union in thought and action than was generally supposed. At no conference of academic socialists has such a near approach to international solidity been made as at this meeting of working men. From the outset the English delegates were out of sympathy with the extreme socialistic views of the Belgian and French miners. They showed a small capacity to understand the continental point of view, and looked askance at the men from Pas de Calais and Charleroi districts, who made rabid stump speeches on the beauties of the socialistic state and denounced fervidly the capitalists and bourgeoise. At some of the early sittings this ranting bid fair to crowd out the practical business of the congress. Ben Pickard, the president of the British miners' federation, eventually deprecated some proceedings in a speech which marked decidedly the line of difference between the English and the continental delegates. The congress had not been called, he said, to stir the hatred of class against class, but to transact business of the highest moment to the miners of all lands. He did not believe that the time of the delegates should be wasted on mere talk which might just as well be done elsewhere. This remained the position of the English delegation throughout the meetings.

The German delegates, guided by Liebknecht and Singer, while keeping in close touch with the Englishmen for harmony's sake, writhed under the enforced suppression of political discussion and grumbled at the summary manner in which the British cut down the debate. Lamgrdin and the miner mayor, Calvignac, who has the French socialist habits of expansive oratory, were stricken with amazement by the English proposal of a three-minute limit on speeches.

The suppressed irritation at the oratory of several sittings broke out in the demonstration which ended in the withdrawal of the English delegation. The Belgian delegate, Cattewaerts, charged Chairman Wilson and his English colleagues of consuming three-fourths of the congress' time with common-place resolutions. Delegate Lamerdin characterized the proceedings under the English chairmanship as "a funeral of the first-class." The consensus of opinion to-day is that Lamerdin was right, and that the next international miners' congress might better be left to the workingmen of strong socialistic bias, the moderates of the Pickard group being left to meet by themselves or not at all. In the Vonwerts to-day Liebknecht reviews the proceedings of the congress and points out the unity of purpose which characterized all the utterances of the continental delegates. The revised report of yesterday's sitting, moreover, modifies the statement that the English left the hall without any words of farewell. It seems that before quitting the chair Delegate Wilson briefly expressed his regret that differences over a matter of small importance had divided the congress, especially as in more vital subject such gratifying harmony of opinion prevailed. He hoped that this harmony was not to be disturbed. The English miners would always be glad to co-operate with the miners of other nations for the good of their class. These pacific words were drowned by the uproar of the French and Belgians. Liebknecht says that Zimmerman, a German delegate, called out "God speed" as the English delegation left the hall. After thus smoothing the deepest out of the report, Liebknecht says that the rest amounted to nothing; that the congress was a great success and that it foreshadows the international government of the world by socialists. He calls the adverse criticisms of yesterday's proceedings as printed in the non-socialist dailies, "the slanders emanating from the hireling scribes of the police and capitalists." It was at the instance of Liebknecht and his German colleagues that Ben Pritchard was elected secretary of the next congress with a view of healing the breach between England's miners and the French and Belgians. The election was merely a compliment as there was little expectation that Prichard would accept the place.

Among the striking incidents of the congress was the great concert given in honor of the delegates on Thursday night. More than 2,000 Berlin socialists were present and an enormous quantity of Bavarian beer was consumed. The typographical society of Berlin chanted the workingmen's Marseillaise, several declaimers gave poems on the future of the proletariat of all lands and the most conspicuous orators proclaimed the speedy overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of social harmony, with everything nationalized. The French and Ger[illegible] forest fraternal greetings without mention of the reichstand. The celebration continued until 2 o'clock in the morning. The English delegates watched the show in silent amazement.

A DREADFUL ALTERNATIVE.

Socialists Must Quit Drinking Before a Boycott Can Be Effective.

Berlin, May 19.—The king of Wurtemburg, William II., has caused a sensation in many circles by coming out with an open declaration against the policy of readmitting the members of the society of Jesus into Germany. In receiving the deputations from various synods, the king expressed the opinion that the bundesrath could not confine the repeal of the anti-Jesuit law. "This," he said, "is not only my personal attitude, but it is that of my government toward the question."

An expert here professes to have discovered the secret of manufacture of Herr Dowe's bullet proof coat. He declares that it consists of a Krupp's steel plate, probably two centimetres in thickness, protected by an oakum stuffing to deaden the impact of the bullet. Such a [illegible] it is said would resist the most improved of the latest styles of rifles. Herr Dowe was taxed with the alleged discovery of his secret, and in reply gave an evasive answer. The distinguished Mannheim tailor has just gone to London in order to exhibit his invention in a music hall. On the other hand, dispatches received here from London say a young lady who is an expert in the use of pistols has accidentally discovered the secret of Herr Dowe. In any case, she is being fired at nightly at a music hall while clothed in a so-called bullet-proof coat.

The dismissal of 800 men who absented themselves from work on May day has led the social democrats to boycott several large Berlin breweries. The socialists held nine meetings to-day to discuss the matter, and are said to have scrupulously maintained the boycott and have insisted on the recognition of the existing brewery workmen's union, the payment of indemnity to the dismissed men and their reinstatement. They also ask the granting of May day as a day of rest. So far the boycott is practically ineffective, as the non-boycotted breweries have combined with the boycotted and refused to supply any beer houses which have stopped taking beer from the boycotted breweries.

CUBAN INDEPENDENCE.

The Islanders Tired of Spanish Rule are Busy Plotting.

Washington, May 21.—It is reported today in inner diplomatic circles that another uprising in Cuba is imminent. For over two weeks lengthy cable dispatches in cipher have passed between the Spanish minister to the United States, Senor Don de Muruaga, and Madrid, and a representative of the leading detective agencies of the country has been a frequent visitor to the legation. It is understood that the agency in question has had its operators at work for several months in New York, Philadelphia, Chicago and other cities, and that enough facts have been gathered to justify the belief that the Cubans are preparing for another revolt against Spanish rule, and that they are receiving material assistance in the form of money and munitions of war, as well as in the shape of advice and suggestions, from their countrymen in the United States.

In the three cities named secret meetings of Cubans are said to have been of nightly occurrence for several months past, and in the proceedings a number of noted exiles have taken part. Whether an expedition from this country has been planned is not definitely known. It is certain, at least, that neither the Spanish minister nor Senor Sagrario, the first secretary and charge d'affaires, have considered it necessary so far to make any representation on the subject to Secretary Gresham.

Havana, Cuba, May 21.—There has been a good deal of unrest throughout the Island since February, and the authorities have been constantly on the alert to suppress any uprising. The leaders of the radical or revolutionary element have also been closely watched, and the authorities are constantly in communication with the Spanish minister to the United States. There have been grounds for suspicions that an invasion of the Island would be attempted by a party of revolutionists now quartered in San Domingo, of which General Gomez is the head. It is known that a formidable plot has been brewing in this direction for some time, Gomez having the aid and counsel of several exiles.

General Monada, another prominent insurrectionist and a valiant fighter is regarded as out of harm's way, being imprisoned at San Salvador for participation in the last insurrection in that country. It is understood that his present fate was instigated by the Spanish authorities, and that he has little hope of regaining his freedom.

Every vessel arriving in Cuba from foreign ports is thoroughly inspected, not only by the customs authorities, but by military officers especially designated, while the passengers are also closely visited, and it is regarded as next to an impossibility that either munitions of war or revolutionists in disguise can be landed without detection.

Philadelphia, May 21.—That something unusual is about to occur in Cuba seems to be apparent from the unwonted activity of a large number of Cuban residents [illegible] has always been the headquarters of the leading spirits in the movements for the emancipation of the island from Spanish rule. Meetings of the Cuban colony have been held nightly for several weeks, and twice within a fortnight noonday meetings have been hurriedly called upon the arrival of the mails from the island. Vessels leaving for Havana are watched day and night by detectives belonging to the local branch of a national agency, the services of which have been retained by the Spanish minister at Washington. Permission for this surveillance was asked of the customs authorities and was granted as far back as the middle of March.

At the time this permission was sought it was based upon the ground that the steamer Alert when she sailed for Cuba had nearly 1500 rifles and 50,000 rounds of ammunition concealed in her hold. This contraband was cleverly concealed by the general cargo of the steamship, and was discovered by accident. It was promptly confiscated by the captain-general, and the steamer had some difficulty in securing her papers to sail on her return voyage. Representative Cubans in this city, however, deny all knowledge of these facts as well as of the existence of any new movement on the part of the [illegible]

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and only costs 1c postage to send in wrappers. If you learn the end open. Write your address carefully.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

Several divisions of Saraiva's army have effected a union at Guimareaus and intend to carry on the rebellion in Rio Grande do Sul.

The French chamber of deputies Saturday, by a large majority, rejected proposals to suppress public executions and to abolish capital punishment.

The Brazilian insurgents in Rio Grande do Sul continue to enroll themselves under General Saraiva, who is still conducting operations against the government.

Preparations for the reception of Queen Victoria on the formal opening of the Manchester ship canal on Monday are completed. Seven miles of streets are lined with stands.

During the hearing of the Banco Romaro case at Rome on Saturday ex-Minister Miceli sprang at Bank Inspector Bigini on the witness stand. A riot broke out and the court had to adjourn.

The president of the India Currency Association has urged upon the Indian government the necessity of ascertaining the intentions of the secretary of state for India in regard to further forced sales of council bills, as the situation is intolerable.

The new Japanese parliament met on the 12th inst., and an address to the throne was moved in the lower house, the principal feature of which was a request for the strict enforcement of treaties against foreigners, which caused the dissolution of the last house. The motion was defeated.

In an interview Sir George Grey, prime minister of New Zealand, expressed the opinion that the United States could not tolerate the interference of Germany in the tripartite government of Samoa. Although the United States have not a naval arsenal on the west coast, he says, they are absolutely secure, but would not be if the Germans controlled Samoa.

The report that the Salvadorian leader General Antonio Ezeta was killed is denied. He is leading an army at Coatepequa.

Mr. J. W. Dykeman
St. George, New Brunswick.

After the Grip

No Strength, No Ambition

Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave Perfect Health.

The following letter is from a well-known merchant tailor of St. George, N. B.:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen—I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills have done me a great deal of good. I had a severe attack of the grip in the winter, and after getting over the fever I did not seem to gather strength, and had no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla proved to be [illegible] satisfactory, and I recommend this medicine to all who are afflicted with rheumatism or other

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

afflictions caused by poison and poor blood. I always keep Hood's Sarsaparilla in my house and use it when I need a tonic. We also keep Hood's Pills on hand and think highly of them."
J. W. DYKEMAN, St. George, New Brunswick.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists.

WEAKNESS OF MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

ADVERTISE IN THE WEEKLY TIMES

$50 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons destroying or injuring the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. 234

MUNICIPAL.

Assessment notices have this day (April 20th) been posted to all parties assessed for Land and Improvements in the city.

If not delivered at residence please call at postoffice for same.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
City Assessor.

NOTICE.

The Public Library and Reading Room, City Hall, will be closed during repairs until further notice.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C.,
April 23, 1894.

CITY OF VICTORIA.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing all complaints against the Assessment of 1894 as made by the Assessor of the City of Victoria will be held at Council Chambers, City Hall, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 30th day of May, 1894, at 10 o'clock a.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
Victoria, B. C.,
April 23rd, 1894.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE.
123 Government street.
Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. v19-tf

SING KEE,

34 Herald Street. Victoria, B. C.
Intelligence Office.
All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at short est notice. Contracts taken m1-tf

NOTICE—DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between Samuel Kirschberg and Frederick Landsberg, carrying on business under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office, at 123 Government street, Victoria, has been dissolved by mutual consent from the date hereof.

Mr. Frederick Landsberg will assume all liabilities and collect all assets of the late firm, and will continue the business on his own account under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office.

Dated 14th April, 1894.

SAMUEL KIRSCHBERG.
(By his attorney in fact, Frederick Landsberg).
FREDERICK LANDSBERG.
Witness—S. Perry Mills. a24-1m

AGENTS for DR. A. B. HYDE'S Book, covering a history of Methodism throughout the world, entitled
WANTED
"THE STORY OF METHODISM,"

Tracing the rise and progress of that wonderful religious movement which, like the Gulf Stream, has given warmth to wide waters and verdure to many lands, and giving an account of its various industries and institutions of to-day. To which is added "The Story of Methodism in the Dominion of Canada," by Rev. Hugh Johnston, M.A., D.D., and "The Story of the Epworth League," by Rev. Joseph F. Barry, D.D. Embellished with nearly six hundred portraits and views, with classified index of nearly 3,000 references. Agents should drop all else and secure territory. Such chances come only once in a lifetime. Extensive territory given; full protection to every worker, and you will make money. Territory going rapidly; act now; no capital needed. Write at once for particulars to

Toronto, Ont.
m17-4t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for a transfer to Cora E. Tugwell of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Prince of Wales" Saloon, situate on the corner of Government and Cormorant street, in the city of Victoria.

JOSEPH MEUNIER.
Victoria, B.C., February 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at the sittings of the Board to be held in June, 1894, for a license to sell by retail wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors in and upon the part known as the basement of the building situate upon lots ten (10) and eleven (11), block seventy-seven (77), Victoria City, the Board of Trade Building.

WM. JENNENS.
Dated Victoria, B.C., May 7th, 1894. 10t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I shall apply for a transfer of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail at Colonial Hotel, Johnson street to John Slater.

THOS. TUGWELL.
Victoria, B. C., 9th May, 1894.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
AUCTIONEER.

Under cable advices from J. H. Innes, Esq., I am instructed to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

—ON—

TUESDAY, MAY 29th, 1894,

at 11 o'clock a.m., all his

Household Furniture,

Storekeepers' Residence at the Naval Yard, Esquimalt.

HORSE, PHAETON, BUGGY, PIANO, ORGAN, ETC.

Comprising

DRAWING-ROOM.

Wilton carpet square, curtains, poles and rings, ebony suite covered in dark green embossed velvet, ebony centre table, occasional, black walnut, inlaid and wicker tables, cabinet, ottoman, extra large Chinese vases, 1 Extra Fine Organ, Cottage Grand Piano.

DINING-ROOM.

English mahogany sofa, extension table, easy chairs, leather covered dining chairs, 1 English Envelope Walnut Card Table, rockers, carpets, rugs, curtains, poles and rings, 1 new bagatelle table, mahogany bookcase, books, glassware, crockery, superior electroplated ware, tea set, salad bowl, spoon and fork, electroplated fish knives and forks, electroplated dessert knives and forks, plate chest, soup tureen, toast rack, dumb waiter.

BEDROOMS.

The furniture of six bedrooms, comprising mahogany and maple suites, mahogany wardrobe, linen closets, carpets, mattresses, pillows, 2 sewing machines, curtains, poles and rings.

HALL.

Walnut hat rack, mahogany stool, linoleum, lamp, etc.

SMOKING-ROOM.

Two mahogany card tables, hat rack, markers, pipe rack, clock, fire screen, coal hods, carpets, rugs, etc., mahogany chest of games, folding chairs, lamps, engravings, pictures, deer head.

Kitchen Utensils.
Conservatory of Choice Flowers.
Coal Oil Stove, English Lawn Mower

OUTSIDE.

One fine family horse, 1 two-seated wagon, 1 American phaeton, 1 buggy, saddle, harness, lamps, garden hose.

Sale will take place on Tuesday, May 29th, 1894, at 11 a.m. Terms cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

ABOUT TENDER FEET.

Hints as to the Treatment of Corns and Other Troubles.

Many women can manage to look sweet tempered and smile in spite of various forms of physical suffering, but there are very few who can do so when enduring agonies from a bad corn, or from tender and swollen feet. The first really hot weather is trying to the feet of most of us, particularly if we live in a town, even if we have not corns. There are several ways in which suffering caused by tender feet may be lessened, if not entirely got rid of.

First and foremost the boots and shoes for summer wear should be half a size larger than those worn during the winter. Shoes are generally considered more comfortable than boots, and should certainly be adopted if possible, in the summer, for they leave the ankle free, and the circulation unimpeded. However, if boots must be worn they should not be very high, as additional pressure means additional suffering. It is hardly necessary, I hope, to mention that exceedingly pointed toes and really high heels should never even be thought of by any one who values peace of mind and comfort. The leather for summer footgear should be light, but not too thin, and brown in preference to black when brown is suitable to the occasion.

The evil effects of tight lacing will be very soon realized by the woman who has tender feet; the undue compression adds tenfold to the pain, and very often the ankles, even of young girls, who are silly enough to sacrifice their well being for the sake of having a waist of eighteen inches, are so swelled and inflamed by the end of the day that they are utterly

In cases of this kind the remedy is not far to seek, but it is more difficult to relieve those who suffer legitimately, so to speak. The following treatment should be persevered in; it will give immediate relief, and, when practicable, should be resorted to twice a day. Do not wait until you go to bed, but if the opportunity when you come in, weary and footsore, apply the remedies then.

Soak the feet well in tepid water, to which a little ammonia has been added, and as the water gets cold pour in more hot to keep up the temperature. After drying the feet rub them gently and thoroughly with a mixture made thus:

Add one ounce of the best linseed oil to the same quantity of lime water, shake the bottle in which the ingredients are until a mixture about the thickness of cream is produced, then pour in half a drachm of spirits of camphor, shake again, and it is ready for use. The feet, after being rubbed, should be wrapped in soft linen for a little while and then powdered with borasic acid before the stockings are replaced. In the event of the feet and ankles being in a very inflamed condition, after soaking them as I have described, apply an arnica lotion, which will soon allay the discomfort. This is made by adding twenty drops of tincture of arnica to half a cupful of tepid water; saturate a piece of lint sufficiently large enough to envelop the entire foot with the lotion, cover it with a piece of oiled silk, and rest for an hour or two.—Woman.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal
Have You Tried It?

INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

Revelstoke Nimrods Playing Havoc Among the Bears and Other Game.

Sporting Notes From Nelson—Railway, Mining and Agricultural News.

Kootenay Mail.

The steamer Lytton has taken to Nakusp several scow loads of rails for the N. & S. railway, and tracklaying will begin soon.

Frank Bourne is dealing in big potatoes at Nakusp. He has one in addition that measures 20 inches in circumference and weighs nearly three pounds. Not bad for this time of the year.

J. M. Kellie, M. P. P., addressed a large meeting of citizens in Peterson's hall last Saturday, where there were between 300 and 400 present, including 13 ladies.

Several men have left here for the lower country lately on rafts, which is a cheap and easy mode of locomotion on the Columbia, and tolerably safe at this season.

The tourist traffic seems to be opening up on the C. P. R. It is nothing unusual to see ten cars on the eastbound trains, and sometimes a like number on the trains bound for the coast.

Lately some men have pre-empted land on Galena Bay, at the extreme northeast corner of Upper Arrow Lake, and last Friday "Cultus Jim" met an untimely end by attempting to drive Sam Hill off the land. Hill sent a bullet through Jim's heart.

W. G. Neilson, manager of the saw mills at Beaver, is mentioned as the probable opposition candidate in East Kootenay, Col. Baker's constituency. Mr. Neilson is widely known in the riding, and is very popular, and his friends are confident he could be easily elected.

George Laforme has bought the pack train of Henry Harshaw, consisting of eighteen horses. This will bring the number of animals in Mr. Laforme's pack train to run between here and Gold Stream, Big Bend, up to about 40, and from present appearances more than that will be required this season, as great numbers of prospectors are going up every week.

J. H. Anderson, mining agent for a company in Hamilton, Ont., that has been operating in the neighborhood of Illecillewaet and Fish Creek for the past three years, arrived in town Thursday. Mr. Anderson will ship a carload of copper ore from the Silver Bow mine to an American smelter, as a test as to whether the mine will be a bonanza or not.

On Thursday, May 17, at the Methodist church, Revelstoke, by the Rev. C. A. Procunier, brother-in-law of the bride, assisted by the Revs. J. F. Betts and W. L. Hall, Rev. E. Ernest Hardwick, of Salmon Arm, B. C., married Margaret A. Maxfield, daughter of C. C. Maxfield, of Edmonton, Alberta.

Trail Creek has commenced the season in a most satisfactory manner; everything looks bright for a busy summer. Ore from the O. K. mine went $175 in gold, and from Le Roi $54 in gold to the ton. The shaft in the latter is down 200 feet and still dry.

D. C. Smith and C. G. Harvey arrived here from Canoe river, Big Bend, this week. They have been trapping, and bring the following pelts: 61 beaver; 58 marten; 1 black bear; 1 wolverine, 3 mink and 7 muskrats. Molsen, Townsend and Hunker have 46 beaver, 60 marten, 4 wolverines. Jackson and Blackmore had 14 beaver, 1 otter and 65 marten.

Colonel Peyton has returned to Spokane from Trail creek and says the telegrams from Boundary about a settlement of the strike on Le Roi mine are erroneous. "The miners quit work in a body without any noise or demonstration," he said, "simply claiming that in their opinion the miners' wages in Trail creek should be established at $3.50 per day, and that Le Roi company ought to set the pace."

A very large black bear was killed last Saturday afternoon at the crooked bridge about two miles west of town. It was seen from the C. P. R. track by J. Little, engineer of the yard engine here, who, in company with W. J. Lee, yardmaster, and F. Fraser, bridge-man, borrowed a rifle and "stalked" his bearship without being observed by poor brum, who received a bullet each from the engineer and bridgeman, one through the head and the other through the heart, while a third shot branded it with their initials. It was placed in front of the engine above the cowcatcher and brought here in triumph. The animals weighed between 500 and 600 pounds and the skin is worth $25. Another bear was seen in company with this big fellow, but it got away before the shooters returned with the rifles. Fred Moore went out to lok for it Tuesday, in company with two or three others, who returned after an hour or two's tramp, leaving Moore to "bear" it alone. He came back towards evening with the skin of a brown bear about a year old. Moore again went out after b'ar yesterday, and got it, too. He brought home the hide of a large black bear, which he shot near the same place. It is presumed that the companion of the black bear shot last Saturday is still at large.

Nelson Miner.

The residents of Nelson mining division are unanimous in expressing their disapproval at the action of the government in making a non-resident of the district acting mining recorder here when there are several residents, fully competent to perform the duties of the office out of steady employment.

The people of Nakusp have raised nearly $400 for a celebration at that place on the 24th.

J. Ogden Grahame of Kamloops, factor of the Hudson Bay Company for Yale district, spent several days in Nelson this week. Mr. Grahame is confident that the present business depression is but temporary, and that there will be a change for the better within the year.

C. Kleinschmidt reports having men at work sinking for bedrock on the lower bars of his company's ground on Salmon river. It is yet too early to begin work on the night, because that have been flooded, owing to the snow.

The young men of Nelson who are inclined to athletic sports, rather than to sports political, met in the board of trade room Friday night and completed the organization of the Nelson Athletic Association. A constitution and by-laws were adopted and the following officers elected: John Elliott, president; John Houston, vice-president; G. A. Bayley, secretary; and G. W. B. Heathcote, treasurer. A number signed the role and paid the membership fee. The first work of the association will be to get the recreation ground in good condition for games and sports.

Captain Clive Phillips-Wolley is off on a trip through the mountains, with the view of getting data for an illustrated article for one of the London magazines.

Nelson has a baseball club and it will have a name after the 24th instant. At present George Arthur Bigelow is its president, John Elliott its vice-president, and E. V. Brown its secretary-treasurer. The first nine is now made up of E. V. Brown (captain), Eli Smith, John Elliott, J. R. Martin, J. Neelands, C. H. Ink, W. B. Muir, H. Ashcroft and Jasper Phair, but it is likely to be changed without notice, as it was worsted to-day by the "second" nine.

Six inches of snow lay on the ground at Clinton one morning last week.

A section man got his hands very badly injured by the explosion of track torpedoes at Ducks on Sunday last.

Two mining men, D. H. Gillman, of Seattle, and James P. Kimball, of New York, on Thursday took a trip to the Glen from mine in the interests of some American gentlemen, who propose again operating it, if not buying.

Coulthard, the young man who became mentally deranged, has become much better. His troubles caused him to give up his commission in the army—he was not dismissed—and his father, who is a physician, sent him to Canada in the hope that a change of scene would benefit him.

Mr. Bostock, of Ducks, returned home from Sicamous on Mr. Van Horne's special, and is now on a trip to Grande Prairie and Salmon River Valley. He says there are five thousand acres of good land between Sicamous and Craigellachie, and a wagon road would cause quite an influx of settlers to that district.

Two young men from Enderby, Messrs. Easton and Banff, stayed a day or two in Kamloops this week. They are bound for the mouth of the Fraser and are determined to make the whole way in their canoe. A rather venturesome journey.

A TARIFF CATECHISM.

Protection Somewhat Quaintly but Pretty Accurately Defined.

The following short catechism was found among the papers of George Otis, a wealthy American recently deceased. It is published here to show what a queer way he had of looking at things. Still, that may have been because the things are so very queer:

Q. What is the meaning of the word "tariff".

A. It is so called because hundreds of years ago, sea pirates at Tariffa, Spain, forced every passing vessel to pay for the privilege of going into and from the Mediterranean sea.

Q. What is its meaning now?

A. A certain sum forced from the people by land pirates.

Q. Why do you say taken by force?

A. Because congress says to the people "stand and deliver!"

Q. Stand and deliver to whom?

A. To the manufacturers, etc.

Q. In which part of the constitution does congress find power to pass a law compelling the poor to support the rich?

A. In no part.

Q. Then where did it find power?

A. In the Bible.

Q. Give the book, chapter and verse.

A. Matthew, 13th chapter, 12th verse, "For whosoever hath, to him shall be given, and he shall have more abundance; but whosoever hath not, from him shall be taken away even that which he hath!"

Q. Is such a law republican in the sense of being democratic—a government in which the people rule?

A. No. It is aristocratic.

Q. What do you mean by aristocratic?

A. A government wherein the few rule the many; where the many work to support the privileged few.

Q. Explain how the tariff law establishes an aristocratic in a democratic government.

A. Congress says to the poor, because this or that man is rich and produces iron, or cotton goods, or woolen goods, you shall pay him so much money for so many pounds, or yards or go naked, and work without tools.

Q. What reason does congress give for such a tyrannical law?

A. Congress says the law is a "differentiation of industrial function," which means that industry is the function of the poor, and the difference goes to the rich.

Q. Is that the only reason congress gives?

A. No. It says that the tariff is intended to foster infant industries at home.

Q. Are the iron, cotton and wool industries infants?

A. No. They are hundreds of years old.

Q. What date has congress fixed for those industries to become of age?

A. When Gabriel blows his horn. One congressman did move to make the time later, but when reminded that asbestos was not protected, he said he would withdraw his motion, "as it would do no good after Gabe blew." He sighed and sat down.

Q. What is the meaning of a protective tariff?

A. A protection of the rich from getting poor, and of the poor from getting rich.

Q. What is the difference between the tenants in Ireland and the farmers in America?

A. None. In both cases the tax-gatherer lives in the east, and the sheriff is after both.

Q. Is there any other similarity in the condition of many of the Irish tenants and American farmers?

A. Yes. The tenants are too poor to stay, and the farmer too poor to leave.

Q. Is that the only benefit the protective tariff confers upon the poor?

A. No. It improves their morals; of keeping them contented; keeps down useless desires.

Q. How does protection produce such happy results?

A. The poor have to work so hard to support the rich, they have no time for mischief. Having no money to leave home or travel, they see nothing, and their desires are kept dormant. That brings content.

The vast facilities of the J. C. Ayer Co., of Lowell, Mass., enable them to place The Superior Blood purifier, Ayer's Sarsaparilla within easy reach of the poorest invalid. Don't be induced to take a "cheap" substitute. Always remember that the best is the cheapest.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco is the Best Value.

BEFORE THE CRUSADERS.

The Immense Trade Carried on Between Europe and Asia.

The trade and manufactures of the Christian realm in Palestine were regulated. Moslem caravans were protected by treaty and merchants of Mosul were established in Acre. The imposts on every kind of merchandise were fixed and the custom-houses and toll-bars were established along the roads or at the city gates. There was also an excellent law, says a writer in the Edinburgh Review, that none might carry arms in the streets, which must have prevented many violent outbreaks."

In the bazaars of Aleppo and Damascus were to be found the carpets of Bagdad and Persia, with glass from Irak, and Chinese porcelain. Ivory and perfumes, sandal wood, musk and aloes, olives and spices, silks, velvet, satins, cloth, including camlets of camel-hair curtais from Syra and cotton. Many precious drugs were sold, such as opium and rhubarb, tamarind, cantharidies, cardamoms, scammony and senna.

A great trade with northern Russia, having its port at the mouth of the Don, brought from the "land of darkness" rich furs of the ermine, the Siberian squirrel, the red and white fox, the marten, beaver, otter and wildcat. The Latins were very fond of fur for a dress and for the "mantle" of scarlet, fur-lined, in which they slept. The furriers had a street in Jerusalem, and the Moslems also, especially in the north, were equally accustomed to the use of precious furs.

The trading stations of the Jews, the Genoese and the Venetians extended far into Turkestan, north of Oxus, and at Aden the Arab traders of the Red sea met the Chinese junks and brought the wealth of India and of the far east to the Italian markets in Alexandria. Moslem laws allowed the pilgrim to Mecca to trade on his journey.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

"Only the Scars Remain,"

says HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., who certifies as follows:

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc., none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old

Mother Urged Me

to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me. I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

Ladies,

Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, safe from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 3 cents.

LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN.

For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists Victoria. s-w-17

Unwritten Law In the Best Society

For Dinners, House Parties, Afternoon Receptions and Five o'Clocks, the necessary, nay, the indispensable adjunct to the correct repast is

Chocolat-Menier?

Only Vanilla Chocolate of highest grade, is manufactured by MENIER—Beneficial even for the most delicate.

Can be taken just before retiring.

ASK THAT GRADE FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER. ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 60 MILLION POUNDS

If he hasn't it on sale send his name and your address to Menier, Canadian Branch, No. 14 St. John St., Montreal, Que.

SAVE Money! Time! Labor!

—BY USING—

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Self Cleansing Plate Polishing Cloth

NO PLATE POWDER NECESSARY.

The cloths are chemically prepared and will not injure the finest ware.

Used by the best families in Great Britain for polishing silver and plated ware.

The cloths will last for months and retain their polishing properties to the end. The best thing ever introduced for polishing silver and plated ware.

Price 25 cents per cloth, or three cloths for 50 cents.

For sale at—

SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO., and WEILER BROS., VICTORIA, B. C.

Tenders for Washing.

Tenders will be received on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty on or before noon of Thursday, the 31st of May, instant, for performing such washing as may be required for H. M. Naval Hospital, Esquimalt, for one year certain from 1st August next.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be had on application at this office.

T. SYDNEY DOBBIN,
For Naval Storekeeper, Etc.
Royal Naval Yard,
Esquimalt, 17 May, 1894. 17-td

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You Will . . .

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99 YONGE STREET, TORONTO | 963 ST. PAUL ST., MONTREAL

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NEW GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!

Porcelains, Baskets, Matting, Curios.

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort Street VICTORIA, B. C

Argyle House

Just Received

A Manufacturers' Lot of

SAMPLES

Which we bought 30 per cent. below cost price.....

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Ladies' Ties,
Womens' and Childrens' Stockings,
Womens' and Childrens' Undervests.
Gloves,
Womens' Jerseys,
Handkerchiefs,
Sox, Etc.

IF YOU WANT A BARGAIN GIVE US A CALL.

J. Horner & Co.

83 Douglas Street.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on the 18th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $55,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000 each, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of May, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England, New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price per at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from the 1st of May, [illegible] until the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894" with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.
City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 9th, 1894. apl5-td

VETERINARY.

D. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Ass. Late with Dr. Jean Wende, V.S., Big Rock, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 103 Johnson Street. Telephone 122; residence telephone 117. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Fort and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS, Late of London, Eng., has come to reside in Victoria, and has opened an office at 94 Pandora street. He has for twenty-five years been engaged in general family and obstetric practice, with considerable experience in children. He also gives special attention to diseases of the chest and stomach. Dr. Williams had several years' practical experience in one of the largest hospitals in London and is a Doctor of Medicine of the University of Aberdeen, Scotland. He has been for many years a member of the Pathological Society, a member of the British Homœopathic Society and a Fellow of the British Gynæcological Society. He has thus had extensive experience in both the old and new systems of medical treatment.

Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora St., city. Telephone No. 163. m12-1m

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 78 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery.

MISS FOX, Teacher of Piano and Harmonium. RESIDENCE—36 Mason street, near Pandora avenue. mar21-1m

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dist Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Bell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 6755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. RIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. J. C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. J. A. BROWN, Secretary. fe25

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 139, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWIRKETON, 1-19 scribe n.

PAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convocation every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight is cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, oct3 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. R. C. SMITH Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Repairing promptly attended to at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE, 137 Cormorant Street.

DENTISTS.

DR. A. HUMBER, Graduate Philadelphia Dental College, Has opened Dental Parlors at 33 1-2 Douglas street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. A. C. WEST, Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 2, 3 & 5, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.

Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of [illegible] giving, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anæsthetic. my17-d-w

Teeth Without Plates.

By Dr. Bradley's new method artificial teeth can be inserted without plates, nothing whatever covers the roof of the mouth, no rubber is used to give a bad taste and interfere with the speech. This system is specially adapted for public speakers, singers, etc., etc.

86 1-2 Government Street.

DRESSES MADE From 45 up; Prints from $2.50 up. Will go out by the day if preferred. 131 YATES STREET.

Notice to Subscribers.

During my absence from the city Albert Wylde will collect all subscriptions to the Daily Times. B. HAIGH. Daily Times office, April 21

COMOX---FOR SALE.

Thirty-six acres near the town of Courtenay, belonging to Anthony Maitland Stenson, ex-M.P.P. Apply to Lowenberg, Harris & Co., Estate Agents, Victoria. my7-d-w1m

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE. ONE NIGHT ONLY! MONDAY, MAY 21. —THE— Chicago Lady Quartette —ARTISTS— MARY B. WEAVER, First Soprano and Whistler. ELIZABETH LUDWIG, Mezzo-Soprano and Solo Pianist. EDITH BUSHEE, Contralto. ALICE MERRILL RAYMOND, Phenomenal Alto Soloist and Musical Director, and CORNELIA NELTNOR, Queen of Impersonators.

"The members of the Quartette include four of the best voices from the World's Fair City. Having sung together for several seasons, nothing but soulful and approved melody bubbles from their lips."—N. Y. Herald.

Seats, $1, 75c. and 50c., now on sale at Jamieson's.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. m7-3m

FOR SALE.

MILK COW FOR SALE—Guaranteed good milker; high grade shorthorn; particulars at Times office. m19-6t

30 ACRES of first class land (12 acres cleared), rich bottom land; 10 miles from city. Fine water front; price $2,500; cash $1,500, balance on mortgage. Apply 5 Store street. m18-1w

FOR SALE—New Peterborough canoe; or would exchange for light pleasure rowboat. Apply box 313. m18-3t

FOR SALE—Good horse, buggy, and single wagon. Apply 170 Pembroke St. m9-2w

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 13 Trounce avenue. a26-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—On Dallas road, facing the straits, a nine-roomed furnished residence with all modern conveniences; bath room, hot and cold water; half acre of land. Apply to Morrow, Holland & Co., 44 Broad St.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS to let; use of bath; terms very moderate. Apply 47 Kane street. a24-1m

ONE OR TWO first class bedrooms to let and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay.

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

TO RENT—Five room, well furnished cottage, desirable location, with large garden; rent $25. Apply at Clarence Hotel.

TO LET—Or for sale, a new House, with 5 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. feb7-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

BOARD AND LODGING.

NICE ROOMS and board. 181 Fort street.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—To buy a five-roomed cottage and lot; must be cheap. Address "Cash," Times office. m19-2t

WHERE TO BUY NO. 1 DRY CORD WOOD—At Scotch Bakery, 108 Douglas street; telephone No. 17. Steam wood sawing done in any part of city. Your order solicited. A. C. Howe. m5-1m

HOUSE WANTED—Within about half a mile of the Postoffice; 7 or 8 rooms; must be comfortable, with modern conveniences, etc. Address, giving particulars and stating rent expected, to "Visitor," Times office. mar 16-1w

JOSEPH SEARS, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger, Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc. 114 Yates Street.

NOTICE.

The 73rd drawing for an appropriation in the Vancouver Island Building Society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Friday, the 25th May, 1894, at 8 p.m.

See that you shares are not in arrears.

By order, B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

Victoria, B. C., May 15, 1894.

SUITS AT 50c. ON THE $.

Just received a consignement of Mens' Fine Tailor Made Custom Suits which I will sell at about 50c. on the dollar on regular prices. $20 suits for $10, $22 and $24 suits for $12 and $14. Come and see them at

83 JOHNSON STREET.

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received till Monday, the 21st inst, for providing a band or bands for supplying music for May 24th, 25th, and 26th. Form of tender can be seen at the office of the Secretary.

BEAUMONT BOGGS, Secretary.

(Colonist copy.)

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Numidian	June 2
Allan Line, Sardinian	June 9
Dominion Line, Labrador	June 2
Dominion Line, Toronto	June 9
Beaver Line, Lake Huron	June 6
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	June 13

From New York.

Cunard Line, Lucania	June 2
Cunard Line, Aurania	June 9
White Star Line, Britannic	June 6
White Star Line, Majestic	June 13
American Line, Paris	June 6
American Line, Berlin	June 13
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Saale	June 2
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Trave	June 9
Red Star Line, Belgenland	June 2
Red Star Line, Westernland	June 6
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	June 2
Anchor Line, Furnessia	June 9
Allan State Line, California	June 8
Allan State Line, Nebraska	June 22

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $14 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, Victoria. Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited; At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week.....25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25c. a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion

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Address THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS.

When you wish to have your address changed, please give former as well as new address.

The Daily Times.

THE GOOD OF "PROTECTION."

Mr. Laurier last week addressed a large meeting at Pembroke, and in the course of his speech he said the question of all questions was the question of taxation. The Liberals held that taxation was in itself an evil, and no government had any right to take anything from the earnings of the people, except that which was necessary to carry on the business of the country. "But I can affirm here this principle," he declared, "that the only measure of taxation legitimate before the eyes of God or man himself, is that which is limited to the necessities of revenue and not one cent more. (Cheers). This is the principle upon which we contend on the side of politics to which I belong. On the other hand, the Conservative party have a different policy. The government at Ottawa levy taxation upon the people in order to take money from the pockets of some and put in the pockets of others. I call this robbery; they call it protection." As an illustration of the manner in which the "protection" policy affects the few inside the charmed circle and the many outside, Mr. Laurier referred to the case of Senator Drummond, of Montreal, who gets a salary of $50,000 a year for managing the affairs of the sugar combine. This statement was received with a good deal of surprise by the meeting, and it doubtless set many thinking deeply as to the beauties of a fiscal system which permits such things as these. There very probably is a large number of people besides those in attendance at the Pembroke meeting who will be surprised at the statement in regard to Mr. Drummond's salary, and who will ponder over the question—if one trade combination makes sufficient profits under the N. P. to be able to pay its manager so handsomely, what will the illegitimate profits of all the combines amount to? The "infant industries" seem to be strong enough in one part of the frame at least.

A LUCKY LAWYER.

Mr. Lister and other opposition members have been able to extract some interesting information in the public accounts committee from Mr. O'Connor, an Ottawa lawyer. This gentleman belongs to the firm of O'Connor & Hogg, which has received a large number of government plums. In answer to one question he admitted that though he charged $150 as counsel in the case of McManus and Wright, he would not swear he was in court at any time during the trial of the case. In the cases won for the crown he collected costs from the crown as well as from the parties defeated in the suits. He had charged $500 counsel fee for his partner in the trial of the Quebec land slide cases. O'Connor's bill in that case was $2,300 up to the present time and the bill was approved by the justice department. The net amount received by him exclusive of disbursements was nearly $2,000. In the celebrated "hard pan" cases, arising out of the construction of the Cape Breton railway, Mr. O'Connor's firm charged the government with counsel fees for both partners, although only one was actually engaged in the work. By an arrangement which Mr. O'Connor must regard as very convenient his bills for legal costs against the government are taxed in the department of justice, not by the taxing officer of the court. At one stage of the inquiry Mr. Lister asked why the solicitor-general was not employed as counsel in the rock slide cases, instead of engaging expensive counsel, and quoted Mr. Thompson's speech in parliament defending the appointment of the solicitor-general, in which the premier stated that the official would attend to counsel work in crown cases. Mr. O'Connor replied that he had engaged counsel at the request of the minister of justice. Nobody suggested that the solicitor-general be utilized as counsel. The Dominion government is like the Davie government in one respect at least, for its dearest ambition seems to be the exploiting of the public funds for other objects than the public good.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

At New Westminster on Saturday evening a large number of citizens gave testimony to their respect for Mr. Brown and regret for his withdrawal from political life. The retiring representative's speech in reply to the address—his farewell speech to his constituents—was a trenchant and instructive review of political affairs. Such a review no one is more competent to give than Mr. Brown, and the report of his speech is well worth reading.

The letter from Rev. Dr. Masson, of Edinburgh, with quotations from which Mr. Begg has supplied us to-day, gives some interesting particulars regarding Sir Alexander Mackenzie, the pioneer explorer of British Columbia. Few people, we fancy, have before run across the facts that Napoleon was a reader of Mackenzie's book and that he gathered from it a plan for striking at Great Britain through Canada. British Columbians have done something—though not all they might—to show that they appreciate the character and admire the work of the heroic explorer who first among white men traversed the wilds of their province and gave to the world some knowledge of its vast interior. They will therefore be apt to read Dr. Masson's notes with interest.

The correspondent who complains of the manner in which building contractors are allowed to obstruct the streets touches on a grievance that has very often been mentioned in the Times. There is no other city in Canada where contractors would be permitted to ignore the rights of the public as they do in Victoria, and we are at a loss to understand why this should be so. There is a by-law in existence with provisions sufficient to protect the public, but for some unexplained reason it is not enforced, builders being at liberty to follow their own sweet will in the matter. If the city authorities cannot muster up enough energy in ordinary times to check the evil, perhaps the thought that many visitors will in the next few days see the result of their laxity may act as a spur.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Argument in the Petition Re Green, Worlock & Co. Trustees.

William Smyth's petition praying for the removal of Messrs. Heisterman and Coltart from the position of trustees of the Green, Worlock & Co. estate came up before Mr. Justice Walkem this morning. Mr. Bodwell appeared for the petitioner and Mr. Helmcken and Mr. Fell for the assignees.

Mr. Justice Walkem said at the opening that the hearing of the petition had been adjourned until to-day in order that something definite as to the feeling of the majority of the creditors could be presented to the court.

Mr. Fell replied that a meeting had been called and everything was now satisfactory. The result of the meeting showed that a large majority of the creditors were in favor of the petition.

Mr. Justice Walkem said: What is the use of my staying my hand now that that is shown to be the case? But is Mr. Beaven agreeable? There would be no use in my making the order unless he will accept.

Mr. Bodwell said that Mr. Beaven was prepared to accept the office if his lordship saw fit to make the order. He wished to make it clear that they had no fault to find with Mr. Heisterman, but it was only for the purpose of saving expense.

Mr. Justice Walkem said he understood that no improper conduct was alleged against either Mr. Heisterman or Mr. Coltart. Something about a consultation between himself and the petitioner had gone forth, which of course was incorrect. What had occurred was this: Mr. Bodwell and Mr. Fell were in his chambers, when he told Mr. Fell that if a score or more of affidavits were prepared to show the wishes of the creditors it would entail great expense, when Mr. Fell told him the meeting had been called, the propriety of which meeting was now shown.

Mr. Helmcken then said that as it was only a wish to save expense that prompted the petitioner in asking to have Mr. Heisterman removed, why should any change now be made, as it would not save expense?

The judge replied that he interfered with reluctance with Mr. Heisterman's rights, but he was guided by the large body of creditors.

Some discussion then took place as to the remuneration for the deposed trustees for the work already done.

The judge advised the counsel to settle the amount among themselves, and if they could not do it it would have to be referred to him. It was not a matter of calculation, and therefore could not be referred to the registrar.

The question of costs of the petition was then reached. Mr. Bodwell contended that they should not be paid out of the estate, as the assignees should not have opposed the petition.

Mr. Justice Walkem said the act contemplates opposition, and they could not have resigned without getting an order of the court. No act of misconduct was alleged against them, and perhaps it was not prudent for them to resist. He then referred to the "anomalous position," as he called it, of Mr. Yates, who may not have been wise in resisting, but he was really not resisting but trying to find out what principles would be laid down by the court under this act. The costs of petition will be paid out of the estate, the judge remarking that harmony would not be promoted by the creditors attacking Mr. Yates by injuring his pocket.

Mr. Helmcken had a word to say about Mr. Yates' position in resisting the petition. While the prayer of the petition did not ask that Mr. Yates be removed, yet the allegations in it were directed against all three.

Mr. Justice Walkem: On reflection I see you are quite right. The result is that Mr. Beaven now takes his place as co-trustee with Mr. Yates and Mr. Heisterman and Mr. Coltart retire.

Mary Wallis, charged with concealing the birth of her child, and William McTulty, John Dutton and Fred Gilmore came up before Mr. Justice Drake this afternoon, and all elected to take their trial by jury.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of the Events of the Great Republic.

Tacoma, May 19.—The committee of the board of United States army engineers, which has been surveying Puget Sound points for coast defences during the past four days, returned to-day on board the Edith, the steamer chartered for the trip, and while the committee's report is not ready, it is understood it will favor the fortification of Point Wilson, Admiralty Head and Marrowstone Point, each with three eleven inch rifles. The committee visited Point Defiance, Foulweather Bluff, at the entrance to Hood Canal, Ludlow Head, Double Bluff, Port Orchard and Agate Pass, in addition to the points which it is proposed to fortify.

Philadelphia, May 19.—T. V. Powderly, ex-general master workman of the Knights of Labor, A. W. Wright, ex-member of the executive board of the Knights, and P. P. Quinn, master workman of District Assembly No. 99, have been unceremoniously expelled from the Knights of Labor.

Fort Riley, Kan., May 21.—A detail of army officers, consisting of Lieutenant-Colonel I. H. Carpenter, Fifth Artillery; Captains E. S. Godfrey and E. A. Garlington, Seventh Cavalry, and Lieutenant Rivers, Third Cavalry, met here to-day for the purpose of revising the cavalry drill regulations. It is understood that radical reforms will be recommended.

New York, May 21.—The refusal of Tammany Hall last week to endorse the Wilson bill and recommend its passage, even at the suggestion of Boss Croker, has caused something of a stir in local Democratic circles, and it is to this cause that the special meetings of the Democratic club to-night and of the Manhattan club on Thursday night are attributed. Both meetings are called for the purpose of discussing the Wilson bill, and it is probable that a very influential wing of the party will go on record in favor of the measure and in opposition to the position assumed by Tammany.

New York, May 21.—John W. Warrin, a well known figure in the dry goods trade, died on Saturday at his home in this city after a short illness. Mr. Warrin was for many years connected with the firm of Ford & Taylor, and his influence with the men in his line was extensive. He was born in New York city, but for a few years lived in San Francisco, where he made hosts of friends. He was a member of the Seventh regiment veterans' association and of the Palestine commandery. Mr. Warrin married twenty years ago Miss Mary Louise Beach, who survives him. Two children, John W., jr., and Mary Beach Warrin, are also living.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 21.—Heavy rains have caused disastrous floods along the line of the Pennsylvania road and through traffic is interfered with to points east of Johnstown. The little Conemaugh river is on the rampage and several bridges are threatened. Many dwellings have been swept away. Early this morning bells were rung and whistles blown to notify people of the Conemaugh valley of their danger. So far no lives have been lost.

West Chester, Pa., May 21.—The breast of a dam at Springton broke away to-day. It covered fifty acres and the vast body of water swept everything before it down the valley. The damage was heavy, but no deaths are reported yet.

Johnstown, Pa., May 21.—The Conemaugh was still rising at 10 this morning, but it is now receding rapidly. The loss by flood in the valley is placed at $75,000 to $150,000. Most of the damage done is to the Pennsylvania railway at Johnstown. The railroad embankment was washed out, and freight cars standing thereon were precipitated into the river, and two out of three tramps who were in the car, and were drowned are believed to be Galvanites.

Santa Cruz, Cal., May 21.—Sheriff Cope will return from Redwood city today with Azoff, the murderer of Detective Harris. The preliminary examination will take place as fast as the witnesses can be summoned.

Newport, Pa., May 21.—The Juniata river has risen 20 feet. It has overflown its banks and the water is as high as the first floor in the houses nearby. Families have sought shelter on the high grounds.

A Bungled Execution.

Paris, May 21.—No one claiming the body of the executed anarchist, Henri, when brought to Ivry cemetery, instead of being interred, it was turned over to the medical society for dissection. When the body was taken from the basket it was seen that the chin was still attached to the trunk, showing bungling work.

American Revolution Relics.

Trenton, N. J., May 21.—While workmen were engaged in levelling the old battlefield of Trenton surrounding the Washington battle monument they dug up a six pound cannon ball and an old British bayonet. The bayonet is a short one, made of the best English steel. It is now in the possession of the monument [illegible] William S. Striker says there is no doubt that it was one of those used in the revolutionary war. The cannon ball by its peculiar material was also identified as a revolutionary relic, but the association has lost it. Among the speculators who arrived on the scene after the rich find was a lawyer from Morristown, and the cannon ball disappeared about the time he took a train for his home. The local detectives believe they will find the relic in the Morristown Washington headquarters.

AUSTRALIAN ROUGH RIDERS.

The Pleasant Pastime of Breaking a Bucking Colt.

"Open the gate!" roars the manager. "Look out, you boys!" and, with a mad rush, out flies the colt through the open gate, like a shell from a howitzer. For twenty yards he races at full speed, then "propoping," as if galvanized, shoots upward with the true deer's leap, all four feet in the air at once (from which the vice takes its name); and comes down with its head between its four legs and his nose (this I watched narrowly) touching the girths. But the rider has swayed back in his saddle with instinctive ease, and is quite prepared for a succession of lightning-like bounds—sideways, upward, downward, backward—as the agile and frantic animal appears to turn in the air, and to come down with his head in the place where his tail was when he rose.

For an instant he stops; then perhaps the spurs are sent in so as to accentuate the next performance. The crowd meanwhile of six or seven hundred people, mostly young or in the prime of life, follow cheering and clapping with every fresh attempt on the part of the frenzied steed to dispose of its rider. A few minutes of this exercise suffice to exhaust and steady the wildest colt.

It is a species of "monkeying," a device of the buck-breaker, who tied a bag on the back of a timid colt, and he, frightened out of his life, as if by a monkey perched there, exhausts himself and permits the rider to mount and ride away with but little resistance. Sometimes, indeed, the colt turns in his tracks and being unmanageable in his paroxysms, charges the crowd, whom he scatters with great screaming and laughter as they fall over each other or climb the boundary fence. But, very shortly, with lowered head and trembling frame, he allows himself to be ridden to the gate of [illegible]

There he is halted, and his rider, taking hold of his left ear with his bridle hand, swings lightly to the ground, closely alongside of the shoulder. Did he not so alight, the agile mustang is capable of a lightning wheel and a dangerous kick. Indeed, one rider dismounting carelessly discovered that to his cost after riding a most unconscionable performer.—Macmillan's Magazine.

EASTERN MONEY.

Suggestions Offered the Indian Government by the China Association.

The London Times says: "The China Association of Shanghai has addressed a long communication to the government of India on the recent currency policy of the latter and its effect on the trade of the Far East. Its propositions are summarized as follows: (1) As foreseen, the close of the mints in India was the primary direct cause of a heavy fall in the gold value of silver, and of creating an artificial difference in exchange between India and the Far East to the extreme prejudice of the commerce between them. (2) The difficulties surrounding British trade in the Far East are increased by the uncertainties of further legislative action, especially in the matter of import duty upon silver, which would have an immediate fresh disastrous influence upon the situation. (3) If British interests in the Far East are recognized by the Indian government and identified with their own it will be possible to unite on a silver basis, the adoption of which the imperial government will be unable to resist, without exposing themselves to the accusation that for the benefit of certain capitalists, who alone at present derive benefit from the appreciation of gold and the disturbance of the world's system of exchanges, they have endangered the interests of the mercantile and industrial classes. (4) Persistence in such measures would have the utmost influence in inducing the imperial government to meet a conference of the nations concerned in the adjustment of the currency question, with a desire to secure an arrangement which shall restore the solvency of the Indian empire and place British trade on the sound foundation it occupied before the violation of the bi-metallic ratio. (5) If, on the contrary, the Indian government decline to regard the appeal of other British subjects in the Far East, and persevere in expedients which cannot succeed, it is to be feared the imperial government will await the issue of events, and the prospect of international agreement will be remote. (6) To give effect to these representations there would seem to be no alternative to reopening the mints of India, and to have recourse to other methods of increasing the national revenue in order to compensate for losses caused by exchange. The letter concludes by an 'emphatic protest' against the imposition of an Indian duty of 5 per cent. on all imports save gold and cotton goods, because of the 'damage and loss such action will inflict upon British interests in Great Britain, India and the Far East.'"

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

RAILWAYS IN ITALY.

The Principal Lines in a Disastrous Condition and Losing Money.

The Corriere della Serra of Rome has just published an article on the Italian railways which is worthy of attention. Having directed attention to the action of the committee on the government financial proposals in leaving railway expenses out of calculation on the pretext that they only constitute investment of capital, the writer says:

"What this investment of capital means is shown by the constantly increasing burdens in the budget for the service of the interest on the cost and for the subventions to assist the working of the railways. To give an idea of this investment of capital we may recall the fact that, out of the 62 lines worked by the Mediterranean company there are 22 which are worked at a loss, and some whose expenses amount to twice as much as their receipts. Many of these lines, the principal ones, indeed—are now 15 or 20 years old and yet are always in a disastrous condition. The investment of capital here is disastrous, because instead of gaining interest, the investor has to make continual grave sacrifices of money without even an indirect benefit to the regions where the lines pass. And what is said of the Mediterranean company may be said of all the railway companies of Italy.

To this may be added the fact that the railway debt of Italy is nearly five milliards, and the annual railway deficit is not less than 200,000,000 of lire, or more than the actual cost of the army.

A WAIL FROM YATES STREET.

To the Editor: For an apathetic, easy-going community commend me to the people of Victoria. Here the builders and contractors can block up the streets with impunity, to the great discomfort of the pedestrian. Notably, this seems to be the fact on the north side of Yates Street, where they are busy on the A. O. U. W. building. The contractor has taken up a large portion of the street and has made no provision for folk who happen to be unfortunate enough to live or have business in the neighborhood. The stone cutters are hard at work using the road for that purpose, and the neighborhood is a veritable slough of despond with its mud worked up by the workmen. Ladies have to go a long way out of their route in consequence, or else get ankle deep into the contents of permission to thus infringe on the public rights? YATES ST.

No Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Is Genuine Unless It Bears the Derby Cap Shaped Tag.

NEW WALL PAPERS AND ROOM MOULDINGS AT J. W. MELLORS, 76, 78 & 65 Fort Street. Telephone 406.

FLY TIME
Is at hand and calls for
"Tanglefoot."
WE HAVE IT
COCHRANE & HUNN, Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Garden Hose at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Chicken fencing, four feet high, 18 cents per yard, at McLennan & McFeely's.

—The members of the Chicago Lady Quartette are guests at the New England.

—Do not forget to inspect the fine assortment of "Liberty art materials" at Weiler Bros. The finest in the province.

—George Pauline will give an organ recital at the conclusion of the services at Christ church cathedral next Sunday evening.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—A consignment of spring and summer goods have just been received by Weiler Bros. They come direct from Liberty's, London, and comprise an excellent assortment of "art fabrics."

—A committee of two has been named by each of the I. O. O. F. lodges to arrange for the annual excursion of the order. June 12 has been named by the grand master as decoration day.

—"Aladdin or the Wonderful Scamp," and the fancy drills will be repeated at the cathedral school to-morrow night. The proceeds this time will go to the Diocesan Literary and Scientific Society.

—The proper material for ladies waterproof garments is Priestley's Cravenette, fine in texture, exquisite in finish, comes in all the new shades. Impervious to water but porous to air, you cannot tell by its feel or appearance that it is rain repelling, but when it is stamped "Priestley's Cravenette" and rolled on Priestley's Varnished Board you can depend upon it.

—The Dominion steamship Quadra, Captain Walbran, returned from Barclay Sound yesterday evening, having taken the body of the late Mr. Cox from Cape Beale lighthouse to Alberni. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon; the agent of marine and nearly the whole of the Quadra's crew attended. During the voyage dull and rainy weather was experienced.

—Their singing (Chicago Lady Quartette) is perfect in precision and their shading and phrasing are excellent; added to this fine musical feeling gives to their singing a charm that makes it most attractive, and they are rapidly winning a high place in public favor.—Chicago Evening Herald. Miss Cornelia Neltnor, elocutionist, accompanies the quartette, and the talented quintette will appear at the Victoria theatre this evening.

—The financial statement prepared by the Victoria Opera Company of the receipts and expenses of the recent productions of the Mikado is as follows: Expenditure—Theatre hire, $190.55; costumes, $100; orchestration, $86; printing and advertising, $58.60; books and libretto, $36.80; royalty, $57; rooms for practice, $30.50; pianist for practice, $31.50; professional services, $50; sundries, $140.50; total, $815.45. Receipts for the first night, $513.50; for second night, $391.50; total receipts, $905; balance over expenditure, $89.55. The latter sum will be devoted to charity.

—In the police court Michael Martin, drunk, was fined $5. James Cummings was charged by George Crocker with refusing to pay his wages. The case was withdrawn upon payment of costs. Poundkeeper Shaw withdrew the charge against Thomas Astelfi charged with using unbecoming language. The case against Robert Erskine, charged with leaving cordwood on the street, was dismissed. Ah Foot was arrested last night with a bag of iron chain on his back; he could not account for its possession. Case remanded till to-morrow. Three celestials charged with keeping dirty premises, were remanded till to-morrow.

The engagement of Miss Elsler at the Victoria theatre, Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, May 24, 25 and 26, will be her first appearance in the city as "Doris," in Robert Drouet's play of that name. It is described as being a delightful drama. It is brightened throughout by well written comedy. Miss Elsler in this role exhibits greater power than ever before. Frank Weston assumes the role of the genial Irish doctor and is one of the most entertaining figures of the play. The young squire Kenneth is in the hands of the author, Robert Drouet. C. W. Couldock appears in the role of the clergyman, Rev. Edward Merrigood. "Doris" will be given Thursday night. Those who recall Miss Elsler's last appearance here in "Hazel Kirke," will be pleased to know that this play will be presented on Friday night and Saturday matinee. For the final performance, Saturday night, Miss Elsler appears as Lady Alicia in "A Woman's Power."

—Regular meeting of the city council to-night.

"Peerless" Agate-ware at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Prairie State Incubator for sale at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Thomas Gadsby has sworn out a counter-warrant against James Jamieson charging assault.

—Suits reduced from $35 to $25 and from $30 to $20, at J. W. Creighton's, 86 Government street.

—Shipping receipt books, 50 cts. each. Other Stationery reduced in prices at Johnston & Co.'s bookstore.

—Art cretonnes, art muslin, art silks, art crepe cloth, fancy figured muslins, art serge, etc., etc., at Weiler Bros.

—John Buckley will appear in the police court Tuesday to answer to a charge of being without any visible means of support.

—Thomas Gadsley was arrested this morning for assaulting James Jamieson. The hearing will take place in the police court to-morrow morning.

—The Natural History Society of British Columbia will hold its regular monthly meeting in the library of the provincial museum this evening.

—George Alexander was arrested this afternoon charged with deserting from the schooner Triumph. He is in the provincial jail, and the hearing will be held to-morrow.

—The cutter Wolcott has arrived at San Diego from Port Townsend in eight days. She is to patrol the coast from the Mexican border to Port Harford, the first harbor north of Los Angeles.

—There will be an Irish social at the Emmanuel Baptist church, Spring Ridge, this evening under the auspices of the Young People's Union. Humorous readings, recitations, songs, etc. Collection.

—A telegram from Carmanah Point this morning gave the following: Barometer, 29.94. Temperature, 50. Light west wind, smooth, clear. Several fishing vessels on the halibut banks. Barks going out.

—Fred McQuillan returned on Saturday. He says a mile of China creek has been leased and it is planned to hydraulic it. A dam will be put in in order to get a sufficient head of water to successfully perform the work.

—James Mullens was charged by Kwong Wo in the provincial police court this morning with striking him with a shovel. Mullens claimed he was striking in self-defence. The assault took place at Millstream. Case continued till Tuesday afternoon.

—The steamship Empress of India is due here from Yokohama to-morrow. J. A. Fullerton, James Sclater, H. Abbott, jr., Captain Ettershanks, J. E. Fagan, E. A. Quigley, R. Robinson, R. G. Penn and A. L. Ryal are here from Vancouver to meet her. They are railway officials, steamship officials, customs officials and immigration officials.

—A horse valued at $175 was killed at Duncan's station by a freight train on Saturday. The horse was being driven by Angus McKinnon, and could have easily crossed the track before the engine reached the crossing. The horse turned, however, and made straight for the engine, and was very near dragging Mr. McKinnon to destruction with him.

—There was only a fair attendance at the meeting of riflemen at B. Williams' office on Saturday night. There was a marked difference of opinion as to where they should shoot and as to what plan should be followed. A motion to shoot at Clover point was voted down, but nothing was said as to where they would shoot. It remains to be seen what will be done.

—To-morrow evening in the Metropolitan Methodist church the grand sacred concert so successfully given last week will be repeated. In addition to the favorite soloists who acquitted themselves so excellently, Madame Laird will sing one of her choicest selections. Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney have promised to be present to-morrow evening. The extremely moderate charge for admission is expected to fill the big auditorium to the doors. Everybody is expected to be admitted for one quarter—"two for a quarter," so to speak.

—Last evening the clothing store of Alexander Vye, 152 Government street, De Cosmos block, between Johnson street and Pandora avenue, was visited by the after-dark fraternity. One of the front windows was smashed and two suits of clothes and a number of smaller articles were abstracted from among the goods within reach. The burglars did not enter the store at all, but helped themselves through the fractured light of glass. The value of the articles stolen is between $50 and $60. Mr. Vye and his neighbors thought they were perfectly safe in a spot so central, and they say a robbery under such circumstances does not say much for the vigilance of the police.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

THE TERRORS OF THE SEA.

Two Sealers at Sea in an Open Boat Seven Days—Three Days on a Desert Island.

Terrible Suffering From Hunger and Exposure—Return of the Favorite.

The sealing schooner Favorite, Capt. McLean, arrived home from her sealing cruise this morning. She was warned on May 6 by H. M. S. Hyacinthe, at a time when she was on the way to a good catch, having 606 skins, and being among them. The schooner was not caught sealing, but her guns were nevertheless taken away from her by the lieutenant who boarded her. The Favorite was ordered home, and headed south the same day. The Hyacinthe reported that the Pheasant was cruising off Kodiak island, which accounts for her failure to speak any of the schooners which have returned so far. The Favorite spoke the Minnie on May 6. She had only 160 skins. The Favorite left her Indians at Kyoquot. She was brought inside by the tug Velox and is moored at Rithet's wharf. She will discharge her skins either this afternoon or in the morning.

Charles Callback and William Hughes, two of the crew, were lost from the schooner off Queen Charlotte, and were nearly famished by starvation and exposure before being rescued by the Indians. They will not recover health and strength fully for some weeks yet and will always bear the marks of their sufferings. They left the schooner on March 9 for a hunt in the stern boat. It was a fine clear day, and through carelessness they got out of sight of the schooner. Night came on and with it a storm. The wind increased to a gale towards morning, but the daylight was welcome. They were only thirty miles off shore, and headed in, but could find no place to land their boat. Time after time they went in, only to be driven out again. They had taken only a light lunch from the schooner and it was soon exhausted. Callback managed to bring down a few sea birds and ducks with his shotgun, and they devoured them raw. They were too much for poor Hughes, and the nausea which followed greatly decreased his strength. Finally after seven days they made a landing on North island. Their matches were wet and they could not make a fire. It was bitterly cold and they suffered terribly, particularly in the extremities. They found a piece of smoked salmon, which they ate. They finally became so weak that neither could stand, and they simply lay on the shore. On the tenth day after they left the schooner and the third after they reached the island an Indian canoe was sighted off the island. They managed to crawl into their boat and shove her off, and she drifted out to where the canoe was. The Indians took them to Virago Sound, and in their anxiety to do them good did them irreparable injury. To warm their half frozen feet they thrust them into hot water, whereas snow should have been applied. As a result each man has lost several toes and Hughes will have to have part of his right foot amputated. From Virago Sound the Indians kindly took the two men to Masset, where Rev. Keen, a missionary, cared for them. The latter amputated their toes, but could not remove the bone. He carefully dressed their swollen and mortifying feet and gave them every care and attention possible. It was several weeks before Callback could stand, and Hughes has not improved to that extent. They were taken to the Jubilee hospital this morning. Callback is a Nova Scotian, 25, and Hughes was born in Liverpool, England, and is 23.

The Annie C. Moore called in at Masset to have her canvas repaired, and heard of the safe arrival there of Callback and Hughes. The Moore later spoke the Favorite and notified her. Captain McLean and his crew were greatly pleased at the news, for after several days' searching they gave up their companions for lost.

NAVAL FIELD DAY.

Circumstances Prevent One Being Held at this Celebration.

Mayor Teague, Ald. Munn and Keith Wilson, representing the city, Gordon Cartman and Secretary Beaumont Boggs of the celebration committee, waited upon Rear-Admiral Stephenson this morning on board the flagship Royal Arthur, to ask the co-operation of the fleet in the celebration of Her Majesty's birthday next Thursday. The deputation was received by Admiral Stephenson and Captain Bruce. Admiral Stephenson said he regretted that owing to the lateness of the ship's arrival here and the fact that the men had had no shore leave for six months, or since the flagship's departure from Esquimalt, it would be impossible to have a field day at this year's celebration. The admiral said, however, that if it were the city's wish to have such a field day later in the season he could promise to give one that would be a drawing card and in every way creditable to all concerned. After the usual interchange of courtesies the deputation withdrew.

THE YACHTS ARRIVING.

Kelpie, Edna M and Rainier of Seattle Here for the Celebration.

The first of the visiting yachts arrived shortly after noon to-day. They are the Edna M., Rainier and Kelpie of Seattle and before noon to-morrow a dozen more of the visitors will be at anchor in James Bay. The three mentioned had a splendid run from Seattle. They left there at 9:30 yesterday morning and were at Port Townsend last evening. The start was made from there at 4 o'clock this morning. The Edna M. arrived first, the Rainier second and the Kelpie third. The Foam, Doris, Bremerton, Margery, Xora and Earle are on the way over.

The crews are as follows: Edna M—Captain R. R. Spencer, Dr. Hill, J. Woll, C. F. Lentz. Rainier—W. C. Heilbron, W. P. Skillings, G. G. Lyon, Paul d'Heirry, Howard Baker, J. H. Johnson, Martin Jensen, A. M. Towle. Kelpie—Commander Fred. R. Sander, Calen Gabley, Carl Siebrand, H. Emmons, of Portland; N. W. Bolster, Colby, Will Carson, E. C. Cawley.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal
Have You Tried It?

Spring Novelties.

The latest styles in Millinery and Capes at Lansdowne House. J. Partridge.

PERSONAL.

Gordon Hunter is at Nelson.
C. Evers of Seattle is in the city.
J. M. Duval of Vancouver is in the city.
P. Dewsnap of Seattle is at the Oriental.
M. King returned from the Sound last evening.
A. H. B. McGowan of Vancouver is in the city.
C. J. Loewen returned from Vancouver last evening.
Lindley Crease returned from the Mainland last night.
D. H. McPherson returned from the Sound yesterday.
F. Victor Austin came down from Vancouver last night.
Premier Davie returned from the Mainland last evening.
Bishop Perrin preached at Quamichan on Sunday and at Duncan's in the evening.
R. I. Short, T. B. Blackwell, Vancouver; Wm. H. Lomas, Duncan's; S. G. Dewsnap, Seattle, are registered at the Oriental.
C. A. Holland, H. V. Galpin, R. J. Short and G. A. Rattray were among the passengers on the steamer Islander last night.
John W. Hanna, the well-known theatrical manager, is in the city accompanied by his wife and daughter. They are at the Driard.
At the Driard: Chas. F. Heath, Lowell, Mass.; Jas. R. J. Bullen, Westminster; J. E. Fagan, E. A. Quigley, Jas. A. Fullerton, Chas. J. Loewen, A. H. B. Macgowan, Vancouver; Chas. Pours and wife, W. C. Hilbarn, Seatle; Lord Herbert Scott, Honorable Hew Dalrymple, Honorable M. W. Elphinstone, London; J S Bannerman, New York.

Ayer's Pills are invaluable for the cure of Headache, Constiaption, Stomach and Liver troubles, and all derangements of the digestive and assimilative organs. These Pills are sugar-coated, safe and pleasant to take, always reliable, and retain their virtues in any climate.

Derby Plug The Coolest And Most Enjoyable Smoke Ever Produced.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

What A Man Eats Dosen't Show. What He Wears Does. Men Judge By Appearances.

Why not? One cannot spend a lifetime with every man one meets in order to study his character.
If he looks clean and neat externally, one naturally infers that he is clean in mind and neat in habits.

Dress Well

It is not expensive to do so when you buy your clothing from us. We have every necessary article of a gentleman's attire, from a collar button to a suit of clothes.

Cameron. THE CASH CLOTHIER
55 Johnson Street.

MORRIS'
Souvenir Watches.

Get a Morris Souvenir Card. Each card is numbered. Your card may secure you a perfect Stem Winder Watch, which are now on exhibition in our window. Buy your
TOBACCO AND CIGARS
At Morris', the Leading Tobacconist, and obtain a card. These Souvenir Watches are in our window, and are to be presented to the holder of the Morris Souvenir Card Corresponding with the numbers that will be selected every week.

MORRIS, THE LEADING TOBACCONIST,
COLONIST BLOCK.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

The office of Henry Croft is removed from the Colonist Block, 72 Government street, to the Janion Block, 28 Store street.

THE STANLEY HOUSE
BANKRUPT SALE.
Remnants
Remnants
Remnants
A week of Remnants, commencing Tuesday Morning, May 8th. Evsrything in the way of ends thrown out. Greater reductions than ever in all departments.
DOUGLAS STREET, NEAR FORT.

The British Columbia Sugar Refining Company,
(LIMITED)
VANCOUVER, B. C.
MANUFACTURERS OF Refined Sugars and Syrups
OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

PRICE LIST
(Applicable to Lots of not less than 10 Barrels or equal.)

SUGAR—Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	4¾c.	per lb.
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,	5¾c.	"
Granulated,	4¾c.	"
Yellow, according to quality,	4 to 4¼c.	"
100 lb. Kegs ¼c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ½c. more.		
SYRUPS—30 Gal. Barrels,	2½c.	per lb.
10 " Kegs,	2¾c.	"
5 " "	$3.00	each.
1 " Tins,	$4.25	per case of 10
⅓ " "	5.75	" 20

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.
NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.
TO THE PUBLIC—We guarantee for our sugars absolute purity. Every dealer knows they are superior to any others in the market. COMPARE AND DECIDE FOR YOURSELVES. When you ask for B. C. sugar see that you get it.

To Nursing Mothers!

A leading Ottawa Doctor writes:
"During Lactation, when the strength of the mother is deficient, or the secretion of milk scanty,
WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT
gives most gratifying results." It also improves the quality of the milk.
It is largely prescribed
To Assist Digestion,
To Improve the Appetite,
To Act as a Food for Consumptives,
In Nervous Exhaustion, and as a Valuable Tonic.
PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Place a Cake

OF BABY'S OWN SOAP
In your linen drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.
The longer you keep the soap before using it the better.
Beware of Imitations.
The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal, Sole Manufactuers.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 9.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 9 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

COMBINATION COUPON. FOR EITHER PARTS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8.
America Photographed.
Bring or send this Coupon with 10c for each part to the Times office. Note—Obliterate the numbers that you have already procured. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage.
This coupon is printed for the benefit of those who have not received the parts numbered above to enable them to get the series from the beginning.

AT HIS OLD TRICKS.

Dr. G. Hamilton Griffin's Latest Villainy—How He Ruined a Pretty Girl.

Record of the Dark-Skinned Ex-Convict and Swindler—A Career of Crime.

(Los Angeles Times, May 10.)

"Dr. G. Hamilton Griffin, the all-round swindler and dead-beat, who flourished in Los Angeles during boom days, and who afterwards served a term in a British Columbia penitentiary for crooked practices across the border, is at his old tricks in Chicago. From all accounts the old reprobate has lost none of his cunning, and, besides conducting a number of swindling concerns, has found time to disgrace a respectable family and wreck a young girl's life, as will be seen from the following from the Chicago Dispatch of May 3:

"In a recent issue of the Dispatch the public were warned against 'Dr.' G. Hamilton Griffin, and advised to steer clear of his numerous enterprises. It was not without a most thorough investigation that this warning was given, and in support of its statements the Dispatch reproduced an article from the Los Angeles Times, in which the inventor-promoter-physician was termed one of the smoothest swindlers in the country, and given a characteristic California 'roast.' A photograph labeled, 'Dr. G. Hamilton Griffin, embezzler,' a copy of the one now in the rogues' gallery in Los Angeles, has also been forwarded to this office as has considerable information relative to Griffin's California career. Among the many there was one incident that brought Griffin prominently before the people in that state. It was during the boom in Southern California in 1887 that Griffin appeared in the role of a promoter and capitalist. By his smooth talk, and aided by the intense excitement that prevailed, he managed to interest eastern capitalists in the purchase of the famous Quinby ranch, near Los Angeles. In those days everything went with a rush, and Griffin succeeded in geting a large sum of money down as a deposit before any investigation of the property was made. It soon developed that Griffin had no authority to sell the property, and when the would-be persons looked for Griffin and their deposit money, that gentleman was nowhere to be found. Warrants were taken out for his arrest, and after considerable search, Griffin was located and taken back to Los Angeles to stand trial. His trial was a most sensational one, and after a most determined fight, he escaped the penitentiary on a technicality and at once left for Canada.

"Griffin was next heard of as an editor of a society sheet at Victoria, B. C., and a many times millionaire coal land owner. While negotiating for the sale (?) of some of these coal lands in 1888 Griffin was arrested on warrants taken out by the late Hon. Robert Dunsmuir, who alleged that Griffin, in order to keep him (Dunsmuir) from preventing a fraudulent sale of coal lands, had written him threatening letters in several languages to the effect that he would kill him if he interfered with the coal land deal. These letters were unsigned but bore the figure of a black hand pointed menacingly.

"The trial, owing to the prominence of both parties, was a celebrated one and was known as the 'black hand' case. Dunsmuir spent a fortune in the prosecution of the case and brought experts from all over the continent to prove Griffin's ability to write the several languages used in the letters. After a long, sensational trial, in which Griffin's past was fully aired, he was found guilty and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. It took the jury just 15 minutes to reach that verdict and the court less than half that time to deny a new trial.

"Upon release Griffin claimed to have been converted while in prison; had forgiven all his persecutors and would devote himself to religious literature. A few months later he appeared in Chicago as a promoter, his favorite role. It was as promoter of the Medical Electric Generator Company that he first came into public notice in this city. Soon afterward he opened offices in the Masonic Temple as president of the Griffin Sure Rheumatic Cure Company, with an alleged capital stock of $100,000.

"He evidently liked the idea of being president of large corporations, for he soon added to his list the Butter Increase Company, in which he held $75,000 worth of stock; the Gognier-Griffin Suspended Bridge Company, in which he held $200,000; the National Lead Mining and Smelting Company of Illinois, in which he held but one million dollars, and the Medical Electric Generator Company, in which he held $97,000 worth of stock.

"It can thus be seen that the talented doctor holds no less than $1,375,000 in these four corporations, not to mention how much stock he holds in the Griffin Sure Rheumatic Cure Company. The [illegible] concerns and finds them decidedly off color, and does not hesitate to say that Griffin's $1,375,000 or more worth of stock has not the full value of a bushel of potatoes.

"As President, director, etc., in these various high-sounding fakes, this fellow Griffin is able to put on a gorgeous front and ply his vocation as swindler in an elaborate office and with the graceful elegance of a millionaire. Should his intended victim not be suciently awed by the display of all this alleged wealth, Griffin shows them all the valuable real estate he holds. One of his favorite 'flashes' is a piece of property, in which stands four cottages, in Chicago Heights, and which the doctor calmly claims to be worth anywhere from $25,000 to $50,000. The truth of the matter is that the property is not worth more than five thousand dollars, if even that, and if Griffin ever owned it the record fails to show that fact. The property, according to the records, is owned by J. S. Chadwick, who was mentioned in these columns as Griffin's understudy in the Gognier-Griffin Suspended Bridge and Railway Company, and whose disinterested (?) testimonial of the marvelous effects of the Griffin Sure Rheumatic Cure are to be [illegible] day.

"Another piece of property for which Dr. Griffin proudly boasts he paid $28,000, is, according to his abstract, situated several yards east of St. Clair street on Ohio street. According to this description the property is located on the filled-in land known as the Johnson tract, and to which no person has nor probably ever will have a title, until the supreme Assembly passes [illegible] which seems many years off. It is needless to say that this property does not appear on the records. And thus does another $28,000 vanish.

"If Dr. G. Hamilton Griffin has any other assets he has never shown any proof of them, though he often refers to his vast British Columbia possessions.

"The Dispatch does not profess to know how many victims this fellow has added to his four list since he landed in Chcago, but one case in particular is worthy of notice. It is the story of a desecrated home, a deceived woman and lover forsaken almost at the altar.

"For five years, and until Easter, Katie Crokin, a beautiful young woman, probably of about 23 years, was cashier at Swanson's candy store on State near Randolph street.

"A few months ago Griffin set his eyes upon her and at once began laying his plans of conquest. Dr. Hamilton Griffin is tall, well built and as dark as a negro. He claims to be of Spanish and French descent, but is more generally supposed to have other blood in his makeup. He became a frequent visitor at the candy store and by tales of his fabulous wealth and noble birth he soon won the confidence of his intended victim. Illness in her family afforded him an opportunity to call at the home on the North side. He refused pay for his services and declared himself as desirous of making Katie his wife. Again he repeated the oft-told tale of his wonderful wealth and exhibited evidences of his financial standing. He also told a romantic tale of his early marriage with an English heiress and his subsequent separation some eight years ago.

"But the family would not listen to his suit, much preferring that Katie should marry a wealthy young stock broker of Omaha, to whom she was to have been wedded this month. He persisted in his proposals and the family soon became aware that he had gained a strong influence over the girl. This fact was fully demonstrated when she, at his request, from a devout Catholic became a Protestant. This greatly aroused the family, but they fully realised that it was too late and that the girl was completely under Griffin's control.

"He was denied the house, but still continued to meet his victim and played his trump card one day, when, to prove his affection, he made his will in her favor, by which she was to receive no less than $2,500,000 in stocks, bonds, real and personal property, besides vast sums deposited in foreign banks. The following is a copy of this interesting document:

"'The last will and testament of Gustavius Hamilton Griffin of London, England:

"'On this day, the 13th day of April, in the year of our Lord, 1894, I, Gustavius Hamilton Griffin, of London, England, make my last will and testament in favor of Katie H. Crokin. The said Katie H. Crokin to be executor without bonds. All former testaments are null and void. Sworn and set under my hand and seal this 13th day of April, 1894.

"'GUSTAVIUS HAMILTON GRIFFIN.

"'Witnesses, HELEN ROMBERG,
"'DR. SADDLER.

"'Twenty thousand dollars' worth of stock in the Gognier-Griffin Suspended Bridge and Railway Company.

"'One million dollars' worth of stock in the National Lead Mining and Smelting Works of Illinois.

"'Seventy-five thousand dollars' worth of stock in the Butter Increase company.

"'Ninety-seven thousand dollars worth of stock in the Medical Electric Generator Company.

"'Twenty-five thousand dollars' worth of houses and lots located at Chicago Heights.

"'Eight hundred and eighty-eight dollars in cash, bonds and mortgages.

"'All personal effects such as jewelry, diamonds, plate and silverware, and all cash left to my credit in the First National Bank in Chicago, and also all cash left to my credit in the Bank of England and the Bank of British Columbia.'

"That is a will that is well calculated to stagger any girl. And what unadulterated nerve this fellow displays, to say nothing of the few millions he gives away in worthless stock, but he also throws in $888 in cash, bonds and mortgages. All of this and more, for he even gives part of Chicago Heights away, while he and his whole gang of swindlers don't own over $5000 worth of heavily mortgaged property in that vicinity. And then he adds his jewelry, diamonds and balances in the banks of the whole world. Truly 'Dr.' G. Hamilton Griffin is, in the language of the small boy, a 'jim dandy.'

"He leaves also all cash left to my credit in the First National bank of Chicago to the credulous Katie. Perhaps this same Katie would be surprised did she know that not more than a week after Griffin made this will he paid to the National Advertising Agency, also in the Masonic Temple, its $280 bill with a worthless draft on this very same bank and came very near going to jail for it. And even while he was busy devising to Katie all those millions, he occasionally took a meal at McCouley's restaurant, at No. 40 Clark street, and now owes the house $35. These are but a few of the [illegible] to give some vague idea of the enormity of this fellow's nerve. Katie was won.

"But he must make sure of her. To do so he played another trick equally as ingenious as the $2,500,000 will. He took the confiding girl into Giles Bros.' jewelry store in the Masonic temple, and allowed her to select $1600 worth of diamonds. Those she was to have as soon as some alterations were made to suit him. This occurred a few days before Easter, and on Easter Sunday, the girl, at his command, announced her intention of becoming Mrs. Griffin.

"A scene ensued, and since then every effort has been made to make the girl change her mind. The result was just as Griffin had, no doubt, planned—daily quarrels—and a little over a week ago Katie left her home, and since has not been seen by her relatives.

"'We told her he was a pauper and an ex-convict and a married man,' said one of the girl's sisters, 'but he had a strange influence over her, and she would not listen to us.'

"Other members of the family speak in the harshest terms of Griffin, and an attorney has been retained, and a vigorous investigation has been made into Griffin's past, and if a single instance is found [illegible] will be spared to such the matter.

"We will get that scoundrel in jail if it costs every cent we have on earth,' are the words of a member of the Crokin family."

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

Joseph Rodgers & Sons Ltd.
CELEBRATED
TRADE
CUTLERY
MARK JAS. HUTTON & Co MONTREAL & TORONTO
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE!

JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF

ECLIPSES

All Meat Extracts and Home Made Beef Tea.

It is FIFTY TIMES as nourishing and makes a strengthening and invigorating beverage.

MARTIN & ROBERTSON, VICTORIA and VANCOUVER, Agents for British Columbia.

SIR ALEXANDER MACKENZIE.

Some Interesting Biographical Details from Rev. Dr. Masson.

The following interesting details relative to the great explorer and hero of northwestern discovery and adventure, a full century ago, Sir Alexander Mackenzie, has been furnished by Mr. Alexander Begg (C.C.), who is now collecting material for the history of British Columbia, which he is preparing for the press. The particulars are supplied by the Rev. Dr. D. Masson of Edinburgh, who is a native of Ross-shire, in the north of Scotland, and an enthusiastic student of archæology and historic lore. He writes Mr. Begg under date of May 4, current, stating that he has just returned from a visit to his aged mother in the "Black Isle of Ross," whose home, he says, is barely five miles from Fortrose, where Sir Alexander Mackenzie's last surviving son died a few weeks ago. There he met Sir Alexander's grandson. For some years the family have occupied the old deanery of Fortrose, which for many generations belonged to Dr. Masson's wife's family—the old Mathesons of Bennet's Field. Young Mackenzie showed the reverend doctor several relics of his grandfather. The portrait of Sir Alexander, with many other fine portraits, still adorn the walls of the old house.

Dr. Masson continues: "He was born in Stornoway, Island of Lewis, and was connected, I believe, with the old Mackenzies of Seaforth, from whom Stornoway, with the whole island of which it is the capital, passed more than fifty years ago to its present proprietors, the Mathesons of Achay and Ardross. Of Sir Alexander's life and work in the Canadian Northwest I need say nothing. The journal of his great voyages is full of peril and adventure, is a record of brave work, indomitable endurance and ready, resourceful self-reliance such as the annals of very few nations, ancient or modern, can display. Unlike the modern war correspondent, Sir Alexander did not "write in pictures." He was a man of action, whose literary style is bare and unadorned. He set down the stirring events of his day in his journal with as little thought of color and effect as if he were still sitting at his desk in the company's counting house, calmly entering the details of prices and peltries. But Canada will evermore reverence that book. Are you aware that it was one of the favorite books of the First Napoleon? He had it translated into French, and a copy of the translation in three volumes was found in his library at St. Helena."

Dr. Masson gives a copy of the title page, and continues: "Through the courtesy of Sir Alexander's grandson I have been enabled to examine these interesting volumes, and along with the book I have read a most interesting manuscript, in autograph, which throws new light on Napoleon's secret schemes in the various adjustments and re-adjustments of his plan of campaign against Great Britain. Whilst reading Sir Alexander Mackenzie's journal he conceived the idea of distracting the affairs of Britain by attacking her in her Canadian possessions, not by a direct descent upon them, but by a route which he expected would take England by surprise, and indeed prove infallible. The key of this plan of invasion was to be found in Sir Alexander's huge quarto, a copy of which was procured in France 'through the smugglers,' and translated into French for the use of Napoleon's right hand tactician. This was Bernadotte, father of the king of Sweden, who himself told the story at Stockholm to a near descendant of Sir Alexander's family. The documentary evidence of this curious bit of missing history I have carefully examined. A full copy of it will be found in the appendix to Bullantyne's Pioneers, published in 1889, by James Nisbet & Co., London.

"Canadian history can tell how this brave Scottish Highlander and heroic explorers of the Northwest became one of the most noted traders, as he was the most celebrated discoverer, in British North America. You know also, I doubt not, how he was for a time the travelling companion in America of the Duke of Kent, the father of our Empress-Queen. In acknowledgement of his brave exploits and great public services he was honored with knighthood at a time when knighthood was not so common a thing as it has come to be in our own day. Returning to Scotland, he married one of the most beautiful women I ever saw—the heiress of the Mackenzies of Avoch. As a Highland proprietor and country gentleman he was eminently enterprising and popular. It looked as if he would leave his mark upon the Highlands as a great agricultural improver. But on March 12th, 1820, his eventful, illustrious and most useful life was suddenly closed. When returning from London by postchaise he was, at Moulin (the modern summer resort of Pitlochry), suddenly seized with an internal inflammation, which speedily culminated in death. His remains lie in the old churchyard at Avoch, beside those of his gifted and fascinating wife, Lady Gaelic Mackenzie, who survived him until 1862. In their mingled dust were gathered, no later than last month, the remains of their last surviving son, who will long be remembered in the north of Scotland as 'the Laird of Avoch,' and in London as one of the founders of the London Scottish regiment of volunteers."

AMERICAN NAVY FLAGS.

Over 150 Pieces of Bunting Necessary on a Flagship.

The flags of the United States navy are made of American bunting, thoroughly tested for strength and soaked in salt water and dried in the sun for colors. There may, according to the Outlook, be some one hundred and sixty flags on a United States warship—say twenty-five foreign flags (according to the station on which she will cruise), twenty American ensigns, eleven pennants, four Union Jacks, twelve rear admiral flags (if a flagship), twenty international signals, and the remainder signal and miscellaneous flags. Ensigns (stars and stripes, of course) run in various sizes, from that used on vessels with very long spars, such as the new Brooklyn and Minneapolis will have, and which is nineteen feet on the hoist and thirty-six feet on the fly, to the little 2.37 and 4.50 foot boat flag, too small to sport more than the original thirteen states in its union. The No. 1 Union Jack is the 10.20 by 14.40 foot union of the No. 1 ensign, and the other jacks conform similarly to the unions of the corresponding ensigns. When a captain puts his ship in commission he hoists in addition to the ensign a pennant. This has a fly of 70 feet, the union occupying 7.50, with thirteen stars. The admiral's and vice admiral's flags of the United States navy, when these ranks are filled, are blue, with four and three white stars respectively. It will be remembered from the Columbian naval review, when our fleet was divided into three squadrons, each in command of a rear admiral, that we preserve the old English distinction of the blue, the red and the white flag. The secretary of the navy flies a blue flag with four white stars, an anchor and cable, the assistant secretary reversing the colors. The president's flag is blue, with the arms of the United States, the eagle and the stars white, the shield preserving the "tinctures." The red and white crossed flag of Denmark is the oldest existing national colors, having been in use since 1219.

Malaria is one of the most insidious of health destroyers. Hood's Sarsaparilla counteracts its deadly poison and builds up the system.

THE GREAT

Hudyan.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable.

Hudyan stops Premature Loss of the disease in 24 hours.

Cures BEFORE LOST AFTER MANHOOD

Constipation, Dizziness, Failing Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and Sexual losses and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Premature loss means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialists of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of all charges. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

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ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES.

They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.

25 CENTS A BOX.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

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8 30 pm	Lv	Victoria	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	Tacoma	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	Seattle	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	Tacoma	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

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Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

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For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

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(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 13 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

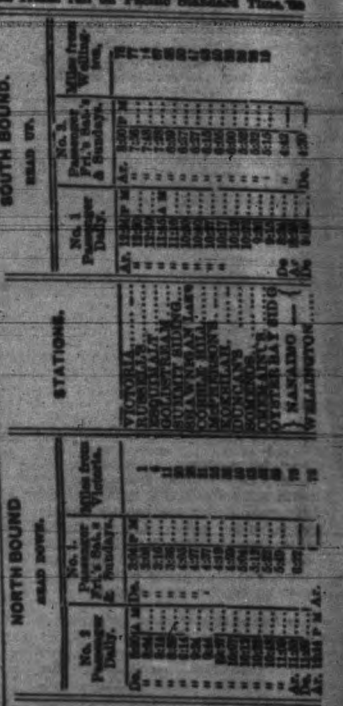
JOHN IRVING,
Manager.
G. A. CARLETON,
General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 27th, 1892.

All Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.



ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 1 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 1 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 1 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 1 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

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HONOR TO MR. BROWN.

Westminster People Pay a Tribute of Respect to Their Retiring Representative.

Mr. Brown Reviews and Condemns the Policy and Actions of the Government.

New Westminster, May 19.—Herring's opera house was crowded to the doors to-night by a large gathering of the friends and supporters of Mr. J. C. Brown, M. P. P., who assembled to do him honor and to hear his farewell address on his retiring from political life and work. Amongs those present were Messrs. Cotton, Kitchen, Sword and Forster, M. P. P.'s, Mr. McPherson of Vancouver, Mr. J. B. Kennedy and many prominent Westminster citizens. Dr. Cooper was called to the chair, and after he had made a short introductory speech Mr. J. A. Forin presented to Mr. Brown the following address, which was handsomely engrossed and illuminated:

To John C. Brown, Esq., Representative of the City of New Westminster in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia:

Sir,—On behalf of the citizens of New Westminster, who have seen and appreciated your disinterested efforts for the promotion of good government, and your unwavering integrity under all circumstances, we as a committee authorised by and representing them, desire to convey to you an expression of the deep regret caused by the announcement that you have decided not to come before this constituency as a candidate at the approaching general election. In order to record to some extent their's and our appreciation, we have caused to be engrossed on this scroll a reference to those acts in your public career which are fraught with the most important consequences, and which especially call for approval.

Your energetic opposition to the "Parliament Buildings Act," while not immediately successful, has had, and will have effect on the future of the province in helping to open the eyes of the electors to the improvident and sectional policy of the present rulers.

Your steady support of all temperance and moral legislation has gained for you the enduring regard of your fellow-countrymen.

Your persistent efforts for a just and equal representation of all parts of the province, have assisted largely in bringing about an improvement in this respect, though the government of the day has only reluctantly, and after determined pressure by yourself and colleagues accorded what it could not longer withhold.

These efforts have also conduced to the existing good prospect that in the near future a measure of redistribution will be introduced by a party representing public sentiment, which will permanently establish the principles you have so ably advocated.

Your prompt and effective exposure of the many extravagant and ruinous acts of the government, and your constant opposition to its attempts to create and foster monopolies both of a public and private nature, have materially contributed through the information thus given, to arouse towards it the recent widespread and positive expression of disapprobation throughout the country.

As the struggle for just and equalising legislative enactments so valiantly inaugurated approaches a victorious consummation, and the dawn of a better autonomy breaks upon our vision, we do not forget the work of those who have laid the foundation of ultimate success, and we offer you this testimonial as a mark of the continued esteem in which you are held by your fellow-citizens.

Mr. Brown upon rising was received with a tremendous outburst of applause. He said it had only happened to him once before in his life to receive an address, and on that occasion he was not able to say anything in reply, and on this occasion also he would find it difficult to express his feelings. The compliment was so great that he was at a loss for words to do so adequately. He looked upon it as the culminating point of that kind and generous treatment which had been accorded him by the people of New Westminster throughout the term of his representation of the city in parliament. He could only say this, that nothing which could have been done on his retirement could have been more grateful to him than this token of appreciation. Compelled as he had been to retire, he was afraid that notwithstanding the reasons he could give for it some people would be inclined to say he should have sacrificed anything rather than retire from the conflict now, and therefore such a mark of their appreciation was peculiarly grateful to him, and he hoped they would believe him when he said he felt it most deeply and would cherish the address as one of his greatest and dearest possessions. (Applause.)

Although the matter was now no longer new, he thought he ought to make a formal mention of the fact that he had retired from political life and for what reason. At a recent meeting of his committee he had not felt at liberty to read to them the letter which he received from the postmaster-general, but an Ottawa correspondent having sent it to one of the provincial papers, he felt no longer under that restriction, and he would the letter in question. Looking at the communication from a departmental point of view he could not say that the request was unreasonable. They would all see that it was written in a kind and courteous manner, and no attempt was made to deprive him of his political rights. The sole objection was taken on the ground that being in the legislature he must of necessity relegate to others the personal supervision of his work. It was due to himself to say that when he entered the department the obligation was to see that matters were going on properly, sign certain documents and pay for the clerical assistance. This letter put him in new relations to the work, and he was very glad to see that the postmaster-general realized the growing importance of the city which called for this extra personal supervision. He was therefore compelled to make up his mind in a few days. He could only ask his friends to believe that in retiring he had acted not from any selfish consideration, but under a sense of duty. (Applause.)

He would proceed to give them some account of his stewardship. As things had turned out he did not think that he had a great deal in his keeping except, perhaps, the honor of the city, and he was not afraid to say to them that he had honestly endeavored to preserve that. He would remind them of his promise when he stood upon this platform at his election. He then said he would endeavor to obtain a good Mechanics' Lien Law. He had gone to work as soon as the session was over and had consulted representative workingmen. He drafted an act and that act was on the statute book to-day. If it was not a good measure it was certainly not his fault. He was told that it was not workable, but they all knew that sometimes these measures were not workable because there was not enough money in them for those who worked them. (Applause.) But the act was there and no amendment had been proposed to it, and he had put it there against the fierce opposition, be it remembered, of the Prime Minister.

Another promise he made was that he would work for land reform and he knew this much that his share in this work had earned him a considerable amount of abuse. A private member could do very little in this respect. Here he would remind them of this fact, that a private member had very little power in certain matters. If the measure touched upon finance and crown lands, he simply could not do anything at all. Last session Mr. Sword wanted to get a whack at the mortgage tax. He knew that if he brought in a bill to abrogate it the house would at once rule it out of order. So he simply moved a resolution declaring that the incidence of the tax on mortgages was inequitable. There was a rumor current that on the reading of this resolution a big rush was made into the Library, where a big Webster's Dictionary was kept. (Laughter.) However, when the resolution came up it was at once ruled out of order. Dr. Wattt moved another with respect to certain lands, which he wanted to let on perpetual leases, without the payment of any purchase money and for an annual rental. That was ruled out of order. To take a still clearer illustration, he introduced a bill to confer the electoral franchise upon ladies. He had been termed a faddist for this, but at any rate he was perfectly disinterested, since if the ladies had a vote what chance had an old fellow like himself against young and handsome men. (Laughter.) Mr. Beaven, who seemed to have some doubts on the subject, moved that a plebiscite be taken to ascertain the feeling of the people, but that was ruled out of order on the ground that it could not be taken without involving expense and that a private member could not do this. This showed how nonsensical it was for a private member to attempt to do anything in connection with financial matters. The inference was that they could only get reform by putting a government in power which was willing to reform them. (Applause.)

There had been some reform in the land laws. The sale of public lands had been stopped to some extent and a tax put upon lands held for speculative purposes. He was sorry that more had not been done in this respect. In Australia the era of prosperity for workingmen had passed away, and in America, formerly the poor man's paradise, there was General Coxey and his army. What was the cause? It was land monopolies. As land became monopolized so the chances of the poor man were diminished to the vanishing point. (Applause.) In British Columbia there were ten of thousands of acres lying waste, and every year hundreds of settlers willing to settle upon it were driven away because it was a choice between speculative prices and returning into the wilderness, and here was British Columbia sending out millions of dollars into other countries to purchase food stuffs which should be raised at home. (Applause.)

Another thing against which he declared himself was Chinese immigration. He did not object to the Chinaman because he was of another nation, but because in practice it had been found impossible to get him to the white man's standard of decency, and to ask a white man to bring up his family in comfort, to send his children to school, support churches in competition with men who herded together like pigs, was an insult, and our first duty was towards the men of our own race. (Applause.)

The burning question of 1890 was redistribution. This was kept off until the parliament buildings bill was shoved through, as they were all aware. It surprised him that any person in this part of the country who had studied the act of 1894 should profess himself as satisfied with that act. An act which, aside from its inconsistencies, was a direct insult to this part of the country. A man who professed himself satisfied with insult was a slave. (Applause.) All over the province what was the proportion? About 66,000 whites, or 2,000 to a member, but all over the country all through these years how had the outlying constituencies, which were sparsely settled and owing to their scattered nature and varied interests entitled to a heavier representation than the centres, been treated? That necessity was universally admitted, but how had the principle been carried out in the bill? A division was made according to population between the island and the mainland. To-day this part of the country, with more votes than Vancouver Island, had five members less, because the whole allowance for the up country was taken away from us. Why should they be told that it took three of them to be worth two men on Vancouver Island? He said this in no sectional spirit, for there were plenty of men on the island who said just the same thing. The riding of Delta had more voters than Esquimalt, but the former had one member and Esquimalt two. Take Lillooet and Yale. It took three men in Yale to equal two in Lillooet. Why should such distinctions exist?

In 1890 he had said there were three words which would describe them all and those were: "Straight," "Government" and "Supporter." The whole trick lay in the arrangement of the words. One was the "straight government supporter," and the other was "supporter straight government." He said he would support a straight government and he had not done so because he could not find a straight government to support. (Applause.)

A straight government was one which governed in the interests of the whole people and not in those of any particular class. This government had failed to be straight in that important particular, and failed was not the right word because as a matter of fact it did not try. Mr. Brown instanced among other schemes the Crofter business, the Canada Western, the parliament buildings and the Nakusp and Slocan. These indicated that the government was a bad one for the people of British Columbia. Therefore he could not support it because it did not fill the necessary conditions.

Referring to the tone adopted by the government and opposition organs respectively, Mr. Brown said that they would find that the latter criticized the acts of the government, giving quotations and figures from public documents whereas the former considered the opposition members personally and abused them personally and insinuated every bad motive. This was the fight one side and on the other. One addressed itself to facts and the other to personalities. He sympathised with the government organs, however. They had imitated the famous character of ancient history who sold his birthright for the mess of pottage, and now when the spoon was beginning to rattle in the dish, it was no wonder that they felt a little bad about it. (Laughter.)

With respect to the charges that he had done nothing for the city. In the opinion of the government if a man was not a successful grabber he was nothing. He would acknowledge that he was not a successful grabber—he was not built that way. Notwithstanding all this, however, he did not think that all things considered, New Westminster had been so badly left as far as favors were concerned and the government itself pretended to regard it as a pampered district, while other people pretended to look upon it as a government pet. He had never failed to urge any proper claim of the city or residents of the city, that he was asked to urge and where his aid was sought. During his first session the government promised to put through the house the celebrated Enabling Bill, but they eventually rounded on it and killed it because he refused to betray his pledge by voting to repeal the Coal Mines Regulation Act. But he had the satisfaction of seeing a good many things done which he urged for the city and also the satisfaction of being promised a good many things which were not done, and if he had seen many things urged by deputations succeed where he had failed, he had the consolation of feeling that the majority of his constituents would support him in refusing to pay the huge price demanded for these concessions. (Applause.) He would take up the promise he gave to support a straight government. Besides other reasons already given for refusing to support them there were others. For instance the manner in which the government dealt with schemes embodied in private bills. He had seen this company loaded with privileges, which would not be given to another. He had seen the policy defended by the government in one private bill and as bitterly opposed in another. These things convinced him that this was not an administration which any fair-minded man could support. In 1891, it was true, he was able to fight shoulder to shoulder with the then leader of the government, Mr. Robson, especially in the line of temperance legislation. The great majority would acknowledge that some restrictions were necessary in this respect. With Mr. Robson's help they put a good many satisfactory clauses into the acts, but the present leader of the government had been kicking them out ever since, even last session, although he was restrained by the consideration of the proximity of the elections. They had the spectacle of the attorney-general throwing wide open that door through which three-quarters of our crime entered in. (Applause.)

Finally, said Mr. Brown, the Crofter scheme, the parliament buildings and the Nakusp and Slocan railway convinced him that there was only one way to reorganize it and that was the way Paddy reorganized his gun by giving it a new lock, a new stock and a new barrel.

Taking the parliament buildings, Mr. Brown gave an exhaustive resume of the arguments already advanced with respect to the ultimate cost of the scheme and the publication of which lack of space unfortunately prevents. He showed clearly and unmistakably that they might reasonably expect the final cost to be over a million dollars. When on a former occasion he had foretold an expenditure of the original $600,000 voted Mr. Davie had denied it; also when he told him that the white population was underestimated by 11,000 or 12,000, Mr. Davie laughed at him. Who was rigat and who was wrong? Judge by that of the future. Were they going to believe Mr. Davie's promises now. (Applause.)

Mr. Brown then took up the subject of the public debts, and the statement of the finance minister contained in his budget speech. Taking the total charges on public debt for the five years, $1,100,231.28; and dividing it by 5 gave them some $222,000 per annum. The money voted from year to year for public debt was the test and not any fancy calculations and the facts showed that they had about 11 per cent. on two million dollars instead of 3 1-2 per cent. as the finance minister said. (Applause.)

Turning to the revenue, Mr. Brown made a concisive refutation of Mr. Turner's calculation. In the estimates among other instances the estimated revenue for next year exceeded the one for the current year by $119,000, which looked very healthy. But looking up the column they found $130,000 of borrowed money called "revenue." When $130,000 was taken from $119,000 the bottom is mighty apt to drop out. (Laughter). The point was that the collection of arrears and borrowed money showed nothing as to the extension of provincial industries and the growth of the province. Mr. Brown also scored an excellent point in dealing with the government dodger entitled "The revenue is expanding" by showing that Mr. Turner's supposed reply to his remarks in the house was really made before he had spoken. A prosperous province would have a rising revenue and a falling revenue indicated retrogression if not stagnation. That was the point he had made and the one he maintained. The expenditure on works of development also showed remarkable fluctuations and though a million dollars were borrowed a short time ago the estimates only provided $214,000 for the current year, notwithstanding the government's boast that the revenue was going up by leaps and bounds. The expenditure for the five previous years was $1,181,000, and the average since was $267,000, making a difference of about $86,000. That amount for three years was a trifle over a quarter of a million. A million was borrowed for works of development and there was a little over a quarter spent and a million gone—where? But the salaries of government officials, said Mr. Brown, showed a steady upward progress: for 1891-92, $130,000; the next year, $137,000; next, $153,000; next, $160,000; next, $181,000; next, $218,000, and for last year $240,000, and for this year an estimate of $252,000!

Mr. Brown then recounted some unpleasant facts in connection with special warrants and then proceeded to dimolish Mr. Turner's estimated surplus of $90,000 for the year ending June 30th, 1894, which was called a surplus, while the fact was that some $277,000 in the treasury for special purposes was spent for general purposes; but this did not make any difference with Mr. Turner.

Another item was the $1,000 drawn by Col. Baker for his trip to England presumably in connection with the opening of the Imperial Institute; another, Mr. Davie's little bill for travelling expenses of $1,910.50. Mr. Kitchen on the other hand, who had been forced to accept part payment for expenses incurred by a political campaign, was called a "paid agitator" on the floor of the house. At the same time there was the leader of the government agitating against the people and not for them, and what did he do? He put his hand into the public treasury and took out $500 and so far had not accounted for a cent of it to this day. (Loud Applause).

On May 9th, 1893, they had the honor of listening to the leader of the government speaking on the present platform. When the report of the public accounts was read there appeared the item, travelling expenses from May 9th to 12th, from Victoria to Westminster and Vancouver, $16, certified correct. So, said Mr. Brown, we not only had the honor of listening to him but of paying for him. (Laughter and applause).

He then briefly referred to the appointment of Dr. Davie as health officer and the expenditure connected therewith, and the sums estimated for the revision of the voters' list, viz., $12,000 altogether, also expenses estimated for the collection of agricultural statistics.

Mr. Brown expressed the conviction relating an amusing anecdote that if they were looking for nothing they would find it at James bay.

He then took up the Nakusp and Slocan deal, which he dealt with at length, giving a clear description of the two arrangements and the action of the government in connection therewith, and a resume of the events of the house, which are more or less familiar to the public. On the subject of the royal commission he refuted the statement that the government were willing to pay the expenses of the opposition in that particular. When the question was asked Mr. Davie in the house he laughed at the idea. The only intimation of the government's willingness had come when the commission was sitting, when it was too late. (Applause).

After a few graceful expressions in regard to Mr. Kennedy, his successor, Mr. Brown said: "The time is now come gentlemen, and until I came to the moment I hardly realised how much I felt it, when I have to thank you for all the generous kindness with which you have treated me during all these years and to bid you good-bye, but before I go I say 'Men of the Royal City, stand fast for the right.'" (Tremendous applause).

The chairman then invited everybody in favor of the address to signify the same by standing, when the whole house rose amidst a terrible and prolonged outburst of cheering.

Messrs. Cotton, Kennedy, Kitchen, Forster, Sword and McPherson made brief speeches, and the meeting dispersed in the usual way.

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and Estimates of Cost for the Construction of a Permanent Roadway across James Bay on the line of Government St. between Hum-Humboldt street and Belleville street, will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 1st day of July, 1894.

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REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,

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Victoria, B.C., March 19, 1894.

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CHINA CREEK GOLD.

Operations Beginning—Ald. Craig's Funeral—Down on Davieism.

Nanaimo, May 21.—W. H. Bainbridge intends to put a hydraulic plant on the placer diggings at China creek. He says he is convinced gold exists there in paying quantities, if worked according to his plan, and now that favorable weather has set in he intends to prosecute the work as soon as possible.

A. McAdams will open an assay office on the Creek for prospectors' benefit. Work is to be resumed on the Golden Eagle claim at once.

The funeral of Ald. R. Craig took place yesterday afternoon from the Masonic lodge. The procession was large, and consisted of members of Keystone Arch Chapter, No. 235, A. F. & A. M., Doric lodge, No. 18, A. F. & A. M., A. O. U. W., and Knights of Pythias. Then followed a long line of carriages containing those who for years had been intimately acquainted with the deceased. Handsome wreaths and crosses decorated the casket.

The Caledonian grounds are to be opened on June 30th, when a series of sports will take place. The association have gone to great expense to have the ground put in suitable condition for all athletic pastimes, and when completed it will be the only suitable grounds for lacrosse in the city. It is to have a cinder path for bicycles and foot races, besides other improvements.

The announcement of Tully Boyce's candidature was postponed at the last moment on Saturday afternoon. Cedar Hill was not represented and a ballot had not been taken, so the postponement was deemed necessary. It is now certain Cedar district will go solid against the government of Theodore Davie, as the settlers consider they have been duped by the government concerning the granting of deeds for their lands. It is claimed that the Colonist stated the matter has been settled, but a few days later Hon. T. Davie told the meeting in Nanaimo that the matter was in the supreme court pending a decision.

The case of Vipond vs. the corporation of the city of Nanaimo was brought up for judgment on Saturday. Hon. A. N. Richards, Q. C., and E. M. Yarwood for defendants. No decision.

Brief Locals.

—The council of the Board of Trade will meet at 11 to-morrow.

—The Dominion quarantine steamer Earl is being repaired at the Albion Iron Works.

—There is a dead dog at the corner of Cook street and Pandora avenue which the sanitary officer should remove.

—Three hundred dollars have been collected by the firemen to hold a tournament in Victoria during the Queen's birthday celebration. The events come off Saturday. Firemen from Nanaimo and the Mainland will take part. The Victoria firemen will participate in the celebration at Nanaimo on May 24th.

—The funeral of the late Miss Neaves took place on Saturday afternoon and was very largely attended. Services at the house and also at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church were conducted by Rev. R. G. Macbeth of St. Augustine church, Winnipeg. Pallbearers were: Joseph Heany, John Cameron, Malcolm McKinnon, Charles McNeil, George Davidson, James Hay.

—George E. Jackson died in St. Joseph's Hospital at 7 o'clock last evening of blood poisoning after an illness of only a week. The attack was brought on by the extraction of a badly decayed tooth. The deceased was a son of the late E. H. Jackson and his age was 23 years and 3 months. His mother and three sisters and three brothers survive him. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the family residence at Hillside avenue and Cook street, and at three o'clock from St. John's church.

—Dr. Albert Williams was arraigned in the police court this morning for practising without being on the provincial register. Mr. Barnard represented the British Columbia Medical Association and Dr. Williams pleaded in his own behalf. He said that he was on the British Register and would have registered here but could not without paying $100 fee which, he claimed, in his case, the medical council had no right to demand, he having been on the register before 1880. The imperial act passed in that year reserved to all practitioners registered before that date the right to practice in the colonies, subject to colonial law as then in force. At that time the British Columbia Medical Act required only a fee of $10 and recognized a British register. Dr. Williams was graduated at Aberdeen University as a bachelor of medicine and master of surgery in 1868; and in 1872 took his M. D. degree. Decision reserved till Wednesday.

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SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE RING.

FITZ AND CHOYNSKI.

Hartford, Conn., May 21.—Fitzsimmons, the champion middle-weight pugilist, accompanied by Miss Julian, the acrobat, left for New York on Saturday night. Before leaving, when asked about the proposed match between himself and Choynski, Fitzsimmons said they were waiting for some club to offer a purse. If a side bet was waited he, "Parson" Davies, or any of his friends, would accommodate them.

ENGLISH ENGAGEMENTS.

London, May 21.—Martin Denny, the light-weight champion of Australia, will fight Bill Eyles for a purse of £300 before the National sporting club to-night. The contest was originally planned to take place between Denny and Stanton Abbott, who is now in America, but the latter forfeited to Denny, and Eyles was taken on in his stead.

Champion Corbett opens his provincial tour to-night at Glasgow, and the indications are that he will receive a cordial reception wherever he goes, even in Scotland. His tour will also include all the large manufacturing towns of the north of England.

YACHTING.

THE ANACORTES CLUB.

Anacortes, May 19.—A meeting of the Anacortes Yacht club was held Tuesday evening at the club rooms in the Anacortes Bank building, and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Commodore, H. A. March; Vice-Commodore, W. G. Beard; Fleet Captain, James Carpenter; Secretary, W. H. Kasch; Treasurer, W. G. Beard; Club Measurer, Harry Rickaby; Fleet Surgeon, Dr. Butler; delegates to the international association meeting at Whatcom, July 4th, W. G. Beard, W. H. Kasch, F. Lolich, H. A. March and A. G. March. The club is in a healthy condition, having about 50 members, and much enthusiasm is being displayed over the regatta to be held at Victoria on the 24th.

CELEBRATION RACES.

Yachting races to be sailed during the Queen's birthday celebration and the prizes are:

A—Boats over 26 feet, prizes $50, $30 and $20.

B—Boats over 22 and not more than 26 feet; prizes, $50, $30 and $20.

C—Boats over 17 and not more than 22 feet; prizes, $50, $30 and $20.

D—Boats under 17 feet; prizes, $20, $10 and $5.

The races are to be started as follows on Friday, May 25:

11 a.m.—Class A—Starting flag, blue.

11:15 a.m.—Class B—Starting flag, red.

11:40 a.m.—Class C—Starting flag, yellow.

11:45—Class D—Starting flag, blue and white.

The following outside clubs have already entered:

Port Angeles—Paloma; Seattle—Kelpie, Gracie Fedits, Rainier, Margery, Earl and Doris; Bellingham Bay—Myrtle, Dione and Progress.

CANOEING.

JUDGES CHOSEN.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Canoe Club held Saturday night, W. S. Gore, of V. C. C., and E. O. Finlaison of the J. B. A. C., were chosen as judges and starters, and J. H. Seeley of V. Y. C. was appointed measurer. Another meeting of the club will be held at the Club house Tuesday night.

CRICKET

SATURDAY'S MATCH.

At the Caledonia grounds Saturday afternoon the Victoria and the Royal Marine Artillery played a match at cricket. The Victoria club won by ten runs. The full score is as follows:

R. M. A.	
Lt. Templer, b Morley	21
Lt. Barnes, b Goward	9
Br. Kelly, b Morley	3
Gr. Fvals, b Howard	12
Gr. Hatcher, b Howard	6
Sap'r Williams, b Howard	0
Gr. Simunds, b Howard	15
Gr. Sawyer, b Howard	0
Br. Cameron, a Smith, b Howard	1
Br. Juffe, not out	1
Bugler Bowden, b Howard	0
Extras	2
Total	69

Victoria C. C.	
D. Dolg, c Wootton, b Kelly	20
A. G. Smith, l b w, b Barnes	4
— Howard, s Templer, b Barnes	0
A. T. Goward, b Barnes	27
J. F. Foulkes, b Kelly	6
S. F. Morley, c and b Kelly	2
— Crabbe, b Kelly	4
B. H. T. Drake, b Kelly	10
H. F. M. Jones, b Kelly	3
K. Macrae, not out	1
A. B. Potts, b Kelly	0
Extras	2
Total	79

BASEBALL.

KELLY WAS FIRED.

New York, May 21.—According to what an intimate friend of Al Johnson said yesterday, Mike Kelly has retired from the Allentown club of the Pennsylvania state league of baseball players, and Jack Milligan is now the manager. The informant explained the matter as follows:

"Kelly has not been living up to his contract with Johnson in many ways. He has not taken care of himself and has had trouble with the players. His action in taking the Allentowns away from Harrisburg greatly incensed Johnson, who attempted to call Kelly down. Mike flared up, and as a result Johnson told him he could have his release. Milligan was then appointed manager instead. Johnson says he will have nothing more to do with the team."

According to his contract with Johnson, Kelly received the use of the ground free of expense and was entitled to all the money he could make after the players' salaries were paid. The only stipulation was that he should keep sober and attend to business. Johnson told him when he signed that the first time Kelly drank anything his contract would become void. It is said that in a recent game played by the Allentowns at Newark Kelly so misbehaved himself that the matter was reported to Johnson who decided to take summary action.

RESULT OF SATURDAY'S GAME.

Saturday's ball game between the J. B. and the V. A. C. clubs was won easily by the former nine by a score of 23 to 11 with an inning to spare. The weather was very unfavorable to good ball playing, the ground also being too fast for clean fielding. Lenfesty was very wild, sending 16 men to first on called balls, besides striking eight of the boys with pitched balls. Williams was struck on the head, Hogan had his thumb severely damaged and Schultz received a hot one in the side, Widdowson, Duck, Borthwick and Smith being treated to similar medicine. The James Bay men, however, could not be intimidated by speed and erratic curves, and hit the ball hard whenever it came within striking distance. Duck and Williams had their eye on the ball, the former making a neat two-bagger between left and the flag and being unfortunate in having a sure triple to the right nipped by being blocked by the crowd encroaching on the field. Widdowson's work at second was of the gilt-edged order, accepting almost every chance. Franklyn caught a hot liner in the sixth that drew much applause. Hogan, for the Bays, made use of slow curves with a very deceptive delivery and change of speed. The V. A. C.'s looked upon him as a snap but now regard him in the light of a puzzle. For the V. A. C.'s Wriglesworth and Partridge did some splendid hitting, while Kohler's work at second could not have been improved upon. Thomas Burnes, as umpire, was called upon to decide some very difficult points but managed to get through his unenviable duties satisfactorily to both sides.

Miscellany.

Sir James Stephen's will is nearly as short as that of the late Matthew Arnold. It runs: "This is my last will. I give all my property to my wife, whom I appoint sole executrix." The poet left out the five words, "whom I appoint sole executrix," and the omission involved some little extra cost to his estate in taking out letters of administration. One of the longest wills in the probate registry is that of the Scottish proprietor and editor of a famous colonial newspaper. He made his own will, and not only explained at length his reasons for all his bequests and for the appointment of certain persons as executors, but told also why he had not appointed certain other persons as executors, and why he had omitted to bequeath legacies to various relations and friends. His will would have filled a substantial volume.

DIED.

JACKSON—On Sunday evening, at St. Joseph's Hospital, after a brief illness, George Edward, third son of the late E. H. Jackson, a native of Victoria, B.C., aged 23 years.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday, at 2:30 p.m., from the family residence, corner of Cook Street and Hillside Avenue, and at St. John's Church at 3 o'clock.

Friends will please accept this intimation.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—Henry Young & Co, O Braun & Co, S Jewell, Stewart & Li, C J Piper, Sayward Mill Co, T Dickenson, Lent & Letser, E B Marvin & Co, Moore & Co, T W Fletcher, J H Todd & Son, E G Prior, W Hamilton Duck and Williams had their eye on the ball, the former making a neat two-bagger between left and the flag and being unfortunate in having a sure triple to the right nipped by being blocked by the crowd encroaching on the field. Widdowson's work at second was of the gilt-edged order, accepting almost every chance. Franklyn caught a hot liner in the sixth that drew much applause. Hogan, for the Bays, made use of slow curves with a very deceptive delivery and change of speed. The V. A. C.'s looked upon him as a snap but now regard him in the light of a puzzle. For the V. A. C.'s Wriglesworth and Partridge did some splendid hitting, while Kohler's work at second could not have been improved upon. Thomas Burnes, as umpire, was called upon to decide some very difficult points but managed to get through his unenviable duties satisfactorily to both sides.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound, Saturday—Braun & Co, Geo Parkinson, J H Todd & Son, Lens & Leiser, Weiler Bros, E B Marvin, J Piercy & Co, M W Waitt & Co, Brackman & Ker, Stewart & Co, Vale & B, L C Leonard, B C Cattle Co, B VanVolkenburgh, E P Fewester, P McQuade & Son.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver, Saturday—Order Armour & Co, M Maksan; H H Co, E B Wall & Co, Langley & Co, Phillips Bros, C Morley, M Stronas, S H E Co, J H Todd, J W Anderson, Marvin & T, Supt of Stores B E, Annesty & H, J H Brownlee, Davidson Bros, Geo Maldment, J T Poulter, Speed Bros, Ramsay Bros, Singer Mfg Co, L White, Wilson Bros, W H Gailey, Dom Ex Co.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound, Saturday—Geo Merrifield, L P Pole, Mrs Treugore an son, Miss West, Miss Watts, Geo Parkinson, Mrs Harger, Mrs W J Oliver, Miss Evans, Miss Pease, Mrs Quinly, Mrs Haines, L McDonald, L Brown, H D Donohue, W L Miller, C Robinson, M Williams.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver, Saturday—J Laherty, J Miller, V Brown, Foster Brown, F J Wheeler, W S Galley, J C Blackett, A Davidson, W H Clark, W H Redmond, A M Bullock, Mr Stevens, Mrs Stevens, Acton Burrows, Miss Edmonds, L B Stewart, Mrs Stewart, C F Logan, J Mellon, J Bailey, F H Rogers,

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver, Sunday—J F Birmingham, N R Keskelt, H Gee, H Nason, G Mitchell, Officer Hutchinson, L Crease, Mrs C Booth, J J Russell, R Harvey, J E Fagan, E A Quigley, Jas Sclater, R Robinson, J Harris, G V Atkinson, H Abbott, jr, W Manson, D T Lees, G A Rattray, A L Ryal, J A Fullerton, R G Penn, Capt Ettershanks, Theo Davie, F V Austin, W F Anderson, R E Palmer, A H R McGowen, H Darling, G Stevens, R W Harvey, P B Blackwell, B J Short, G Stenger, C J Loewen, Lord Herbert Scott, Hon. H Dairymple, Miss Martin, J R Bullen, H Bell, T Valentine, Miss Cozen, Miss M Earle, C A Holland, H V Galpin, M D Elphinstone.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound, Sunday—C Anderson, P P Roach, E A Low, Miss Van Wyck, J P Withrow, H R Freeman, C E Evers, P Dewsnap, Paterson, J R Eckelson, E E Squires, D Davidson, J W Howard, C Powers, J McCann, Miss Howard, Mrs Hanna, H Keeler, J J Keating, G Fraser, C F Eriderv, G Jewell, H Abbott, W B Godman, H M Roberts, D H McPherson, F Sharp, C F Heath, Mrs G E Long, J Rogeon, E S Johnson, Miss Blake, M King, W G Cameron, J K Campbell, J Matte, J K Muir, G Evans.

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PENDRAY'S VINEGAR
WON FIRST PRIZE

SATURDAY 26th
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COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

In the matter of the Point Comfort Hotel Company, Limited, and in the matter of the Winding Up Act and Amending Acts.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

Take notice that a list of the contributories of the above named company has been filed in the office of the Registrar of the Supreme Court and that the Hon. Mr. Justice Crease has appointed Monday, the 28th May, instant, at 11 a.m. in the forenoon, at his chambers in the Law Courts, Victoria, to settle the said list.

Dated this 16th day of May, 1894.

A. H. SCAIFE,
Liquidator.

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Notice to Contractors.

Tenders are required for the erection of a Bungalow residence, together with containtain frame buildings at North Saanich for W. M. le Poer French, Esq.

Plans and specifications can be seen at my office where tenders will be received up till 12 o'clock noon of Saturday next, May 26th.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect.

20 1-2 Government St., May 19th, 1894.

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